

The Mercury.

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JOHN P. SANBORN, Editor.

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NEWPORT, R. I.

THIS NEWPORT MERCURY was established in June, 1772, and is now in its one hundred and thirty-first year. It is the oldest newspaper in the United States, and with few exceptions, it has been published every day since its establishment. It is a weekly publication, except on Sundays, and is published at the office of the publisher, 121 Thames Street, Newport, R. I.

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Societies Occupying Mercury Hall.

ROBERT WILLIAMS LEONARD, No. 26, Order of the Sons of the American Revolution, President; Fred Hall, Secretary; meets 1st and 3rd Mondays.

NEWPORT TARIFF, No. 18, Knights of Maccabees, Charles B. Cranford, Record Keeper; meets 1st and 3rd Mondays.

COUNT WARREN, No. 6791, YOUNG MEN OF AMERICA, John H. Mason, Jr., Chief Ranger; Robert Johnston, Recording Secretary; meets 1st and 3rd Tuesdays.

NEWPORT CAMP, No. 1077, M. W. A., A. A. Page, Van, Council; Charles B. Parker, Clerk; meets 2nd and 4th Tuesdays.

THE NEWPORT HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY, Robert L. Smith, President; David McIntosh, Secretary; meets 1st and 3rd Wednesdays.

OCEAN LODGE, No. 7, A. O. U. W., George L. Rutherford, Master Workman; Perry H. Dwyer, Recorder; meets second and fourth Wednesdays.

MALIBU LODGE, No. 66, N. E. O. P. M., Elizabeth M. Goddard, Warden; James H. Goddard, Secretary; meets 1st and 3rd Thursdays.

LADIES' AUXILIARY, Ancient Order of Hibernians, meets 2nd and 4th Thursdays.

NEWPORT LODGE, No. 11, K. of P., Dr. F. Jerome Davis, Chancellor; Commander; Robert H. Franklin, Keeper of Records and Seal; meets 1st and 3rd Fridays.

DAVID DEVINION, No. 8, U. B. K. of P., St. Knight Captain George A. Wilcox; Everett L. Gordon, Recorder; meets 1st and 3rd Fridays.

Local Matters.

War College Opened.

Rear Admiral Stephen B. Luce, U. S. N., (retired) delivered the formal address at the opening of the United States Naval War College at noon on Tuesday. There are about twelve officers in attendance at the college and, in addition to these members of the class, invitations had been extended to a number of officers and their ladies so that in all there were about eighty in attendance at the opening exercises. The party was subsequently entertained at luncheon by Captain and Mrs. French E. Chadwick.

The formal opening of the college was held in the lecture room which was comfortably filled. Admiral Luce is known as the father of the war college and his remarks were of a very interesting nature. In opening his address he said:

"Although called a college, this institution differs from other seats of learning in having no teacher. The principal object of the college is the study of the science and art of war. All that the college can do; all that it professes to do, is to invite officers to come to it and to offer them every facility for pursuing the study of the highest branches of profession. In the beginning I announced myself as one of the class in attendance and have each year enrolled myself with the class and still find I have much to learn."

The speaker then said that war as a science now recognized certain general principles just as applicable as they were in the time of the great Athenian admirals. "Naval tactics," he declared, "is an art, proficiency in which requires constant practice at sea under conditions as nearly as possible those of actual war. It is to enable officers to prepare themselves for the hour of combat that the college has been opened." He declared that some of the most valuable strategic work is accomplished in time of peace.

The eleventh annual convention of the New England and New York Patriotic Union was held in this city on Tuesday, but owing to the small attendance most of the important business was put over until September 1. There was a street parade in the afternoon, the line being headed by the Newport Military Band. In the evening a dance was held at Masonic Hall.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Brewster Greene and their son, Rev. Richard A. Greene, of Princeton, N. J., have arrived at their summer residence on Malibu road for the season.

Mr. Charles T. Hopkins, member of the Aquidneck National Bank, has been granted a three months' vacation.

Much Progress Made.

A Start has been made in laying the bituminous pavement and the New Railway Company has laid the rails through the town up to the street.

Today, Saturday, is the day assigned for the hearing on the petition of the Old Colony Street Railway Company for an injunction restraining the city of Newport from interfering with the laying of their tracks on Broadway. The case will be heard in the appellate division of the supreme court in Providence. The attorneys for the city, Messrs. Brown and Colwell, filed their reply to the bill of complaint of the petitioners last week. In the reply it is set forth that the company is the successor of the Newport Horse Railway Company and as such is subject to the same ordinances as were passed granting franchises to that company. It is further stated that the mayor did nothing in the riot and that the police were not called upon to prevent the construction of the company's tracks but only to prevent the laying of a switch. The city never interfered with the laying of a straight track. If a decision is reached by the court today it should go far toward solving the tangled situation on Broadway and that street may soon be placed in a passable condition.

The Newport & Providence Company has accomplished considerable this week and has had a large gang of men at work upon its tracks. Although the work was delayed during the last part of last week by the non-arrival of material the delay was but temporary as the rails arrived and were hauled into position for use on Sunday. The track layers have continued their work and have laid the rails down to the foot of Washington square. The layout on the square at first called for the placing of the tracks near the south side of the street but the objections raised by the expressmen who have been accustomed to use that portion of the street for a stand resulted in a change of layout so that the rails are nearer the center of the street than was originally intended.

The objections of the merchants along Broadway to the proposed pavement of granite blocks in the middle of the street has been fruitless and the companies have been directed to substitute therefor a pavement of the same material as the rest of the street. As the Old Colony Company already had their pavement laid the sum of \$500 was appropriated by the city to help bear the expense of the change. The new road had not laid any blocks having waited in expectation of such an order, although they have had their paving blocks on hand for some time.

The Warren Brothers Company have at last begun the laying of their pavement and considerable progress is now being made daily. It is not a long job to lay the pavement when the work is once begun but the company has been subjected to a number of annoyances and delays since the work first started, much of it due to the delay in the arrival of material and appliances. When the first of the pavement was laid on Spring street on Wednesday afternoon there was quite a gathering of citizens to watch the work and see that it was done properly.

The company's men are at work on Broadway preparing for the laying of the pavement there and have the west side of the street pretty thoroughly covered with crushed stone. Still the merchants are beginning to feel a trifle relieved as a very tangible step has been taken in preparing the street for travel. There is much satisfaction, too, at the prospect of having a smooth pavement over the whole street instead of leaving seventeen feet of granite blocks in the middle of the road. Altogether this week has seen more progress made in straightening out the mess on Broadway than has been noticed for some time.

Batteries Named.

The war department has selected the name of Fort Getty, in honor of Colonel George W. Getty, 4th U. S. Artillery, for the new fortification at Fox Hill, Conanicut Island. Names for the batteries in this vicinity have been selected as follows: Fort Rodman, Batteries Walcott, Barton, Cross, Craig and Gaston; Fort Wetherill, Batteries Varnum, Cook, Walbach, Dickenson and Crittenden; Fort Greble, Battery Mitchell.

Mr. Alfred Wilson, former postmaster of New Bedford, was in town this week on a visit to his sister. Mr. Wilson is a native of Newport but has resided many years in the whaling city. His bodily health is good but his eyesight is totally gone.

Gen. C. R. Brayton of Providence has recently had an operation on his eye retaining eye for a cataract. At last reports he was rapidly improving and it is thought that he will regain his eyesight.

Col. Samuel R. Honey will sail for Europe in a few days on his annual summer vacation.

Killed by Dynamite.

By the explosion of a charge of dynamite used for blasting purposes Jeremiah Sullivan was instantly killed and Frank Deira in a serious condition with the certainty of losing his eyesight. The explosion occurred at the Brown & Howard quarry shortly after six o'clock on Friday afternoon of last week.

The two men were engaged in loading a blast and had placed five half pound sticks of dynamite in the hole when a stone fell into the excavation. Deira started to remove it with a pair of tongs and as he was well known to be a very careful man no particular attention was paid to his movements. Suddenly an explosion was heard and the other men employed at the quarry saw the bodies of Sullivan and Deira on the ground. The latter fell on the edge of the cliff and as he started to rise was in imminent danger of falling over. He was quickly rescued from his dangerous plight. Sullivan was dead when the first workman reached his side.

The ambulance was quickly summoned and a physician and priest were quickly on the scene. The living man was placed in the ambulance and carried to the hospital, where it is expected that he will recover but his eyesight is gone as the blast caught him full in the face. Sullivan was taken to the residence of his brother where funeral services were held on Sunday. He was about 35 years of age and was unmarried. He had been employed at the quarry for about three weeks and had been a resident of this city for a number of years.

Deira has been employed at the quarry for several years and was known as a careful and efficient man. He had expected to soon return to his native land.

Memorial Day.

Last Saturday was observed as Memorial Day with the exercises incident to the usual program of the day. The two Grand Army Posts turned out with ranks a trifle thinned by the ravages of time but still made a worthy showing. They were escorted by the Newport Artillery Company and the Newport Naval Reserves. The exercises at the First Presbyterian Church were well attended.

Very general observance was paid to the holiday in this city, nearly all places of business being closed for at least part of the day. There was quite a crowd of strangers in the city, a number coming down on the Mount Hope from Providence and another large party arriving on the special excursion train from Boston. The police had little to do during the day. Two holidays coming together brought home many of Newport's absent sons and daughters for a brief visit.

Sunday Morning Fire.

Sunday had just begun when a large number of Newporters were summoned from their beds by the sounding of an alarm of fire from Box 23 quickly followed by a second alarm. The glare in the sky led many to believe that a serious conflagration was in progress. Although the fire was in a dangerous locality and looked bad the damage was confined to a small shed used to stable a horse and wagon. The shed was directly in the rear of Daniel Beard's stable on West Broadway and on the other side was the big block of Constant Smith and other wooden buildings. The shed and a horse and wagon, owned by an Armenian named Enos Murray were completely destroyed. The occupants of the tenement over Beard's stable were removed while partially overcome by smoke. The burned building was owned by Constant Smith.

The British Embassy has been opened in this city for the season at the Potter cottage on Greenough Place. First Secretary Arthur S. Balke, charge d'affaires, will have charge during the absence of the Ambassador and Lady Herbert, who have returned to England for the summer. They intend spending a portion of the summer here.

Mr. Thomas Holden, Jr., won the light class race at the automobile race meet in New York Decoration Day. Mr. Holden is a brother of Mr. L. E. Holden, who is treasurer and general manager of the Westchester Automobile Company of Bellevue avenue in this city.

A statue of William Ellery Channing, given to the city of Boston by the late John Foeter, and which stands in the public gardens, was unveiled this week with appropriate ceremony.

The second turbine engine and generator for the new power station of the Old Colony Company arrived this week and were carried to the station and are being placed in position.

City Council.

The regular monthly meeting of the city council was held on Tuesday evening when considerable business of importance was transacted. A new book and ladder truck, with hoses, equipment, quarters, etc., was ordered purchased, after several previous meetings had failed to result in any action in this matter. An attempt to amend the ordinance requiring a three-fourth vote to pass a special appropriation was defeated.

The report of the finance committee was received and bills were ordered paid from the several appropriations as follows:

City Assessor,	\$ 381.44
Books, Stationery and Printing,	157.13
Fire Department,	1,053.84
Board of Health,	71.03
Insulinists,	2,735.70
Lighting Streets,	243.43
Police Department,	214.80
Police,	364.60
Public Buildings,	582.21
Public Parks,	18,411.61
Streets and Highways,	1,453.87
Thomas Chapman Estate,	23.02
John Touris Ministerial Fund,	40.00
Log Fund,	67.75
Burial Grounds,	68.92
Touro Synagogue Fund,	72.90
Indoing and Preserving Records,	2,075.90
Water Supply,	2,100.29
Emergency Hospital,	
Total,	\$37,785.26

The report of the committee on fire department was received and on their recommendation resolutions were passed authorizing the chief engineer of the fire department, under the direction of the committee on fire department, to purchase a new book and ladder truck at an estimated cost of \$2,700, to procure and fit up suitable quarters for the truck at an estimated cost of \$2,500, to purchase one pair of hoses and harnesses at an estimated cost of \$800, and to purchase stable and station fixtures at an estimated cost of \$700, the several amounts to be specially appropriated and added to the appropriation for fire department. It was stated in the board of aldermen that the truck would probably be located in the Seven's house. The board of firewards was authorized to restore the fire alarm whistle at the Old Colony shops.

A resolution was passed authorizing the city treasurer to pay to Ella F. Williamson the sum of \$350 in full compensation for injuries received by falling on a sidewalk in February. On recommendation of the committee on streets and highways a resolution was passed authorizing the curbing of Third street at the cost of \$2,500. The same committee recommended that, in response to requests from tax payers on Broadway, that bituminous macadam pavement be laid between the tracks on that street instead of granite blocks, and, as the Old Colony road had already paved with granite blocks, an appropriation of \$500 to assist in the expense of the change was recommended. After considerable discussion the amount was finally ordered paid from the appropriation for the bituminous pavement.

The committee on ordinances presented a report recommending the passage of an ordinance amending Section 1 of chapter 8 of the city ordinances by repealing the clause requiring a three fourths vote of each branch of the city council to pass an extra appropriation. When the ordinance was presented in the board of aldermen it was opposed by Alderman Bliss but was passed by the board. In the common council Councilman Ritchie spoke in opposition to it and it was defeated by a vote 7 to 7, Councilman Wright being absent.

A communication from the board of health, setting forth the need of suitable sewage facilities in the section of the city in the low lands near the pond, was received. Petitions from a number of property owners in that district asking for the installation of a system of sewerage through there, were referred to the committee on streets and highways with instructions to give a public hearing. An ordinance limiting the speed of the cars of the Newport & Fall River Street Railway Company to 8 miles per hour in any street in the city was referred to the committee on ordinances.

A resolution was passed authorizing the board of health to sell the temporary shed attached to the emergency hospital on Van Zandt avenue; also authorizing the city treasurer to procure proposals and contract for painting the Touro Synagogue. A resolution was passed appropriating \$1000 for the observance of the Fourth of July and the committee to have charge of the observance was filed by the appointment of Aldermen Shepley and Kelley and Councilmen Rogers, Austin and J. J. Martin.

A resolution was passed changing the location of the tracks of the Newport & Providence Railway so that they will be 15 feet from the curb on Washington square.

In response to a request from the park commission the board of aldermen made an extra appropriation of \$1000 for the use of the commission but the common council did not concur, as the necessary three fourths vote for an extra appropriation was not obtained. The petition of Matilda Rapp for a hearing of her claim for

damages against the city was referred to the finance committee. To the committee on streets and highways were referred petitions asking for the change of names of Aquidneck Mill wharf to West Honan street; for curbing Brooks avenue; for a grandditch sidewalk on Bull street; and a protest against the Newport & Fall River Street Railway for not running cars to the beach.

The building ordinance which was introduced in the summer of 1900 was taken from the table in the common council and was referred to a special committee consisting of Aldermen Hamilton and Councilmen Morgan and Wilbur with instructions to confer with the builders and report at the regular meeting in August.

Wedding Bells.

Barker-Smith.

A very pretty wedding took place in Middletown on Wednesday evening, the contracting parties being Miss Lizzie H. Smith, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Millard F. Smith, and Mr. W. Scott Barker. The ceremony took place in a large canvas tent erected especially for the occasion. The tent was artistically decorated with Japanese lanterns, rugs, lamps and flowers. Rev. F. L. Streeter, pastor of the Thames Street Methodist Church of this city, officiated. The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Mary Dunbar Smith, and Mr. Abram A. Brown, Jr., was the best man. The ushers were Messrs. Chester B. Brown, Isaac S. Congdon, Robert W. Smith and Robert Easton of Pawtucket.

A reception followed, which was largely attended.

Mr. and Mrs. Barker left on the New York boat for a wedding trip.

The gifts sent to the bride were numerous and beautiful.

Smith-McLymen.

Miss Elizabeth Smith, daughter of Mr. George B. Smith, was married to Mr. William McLymen at the Second Baptist Church on Tuesday evening, Rev. J. Chester Hyde officiating. Miss Phoebe P. Young was bridesmaid and Mr. Adair best man. The wedding marches were played by Colonel John Rogers.

The church was prettily decorated for the occasion by friends of the young couple.

The ushers were Messrs. B. B. Coggeshall, Samuel Curtis, Stephen Chase, and Hans.

A reception followed at the new home of the bride and groom on Sanford street, where a large number gathered to offer their congratulations. The presents, which were many and beautiful, were shown at the reception.

Cartie-Francis.

Miss Louise Cutler Francis, formerly of this city, and a niece of Dr. V. Mott Francis, was married, Wednesday afternoon to Mr. Harvey Grovesday at the Emmanuel Church, West Roxbury, Mass. Rev. Samuel Snelling, the rector, officiated. The bride was attended by Miss Margaret Pearson, as maid of honor, and the Misses Dorothy Pearson, Josie Green and Daisy Green as bridesmaids. The bride wore a travelling dress of blue and a white hat. She carried a bouquet of sweet peas. The ushers were Messrs. John A. Pearson and David A. Pearson.

A reception followed at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. W. O. Pearson, on Park street.

West-Bloxon.

Miss Nuvelyn Bloxon, daughter of Mrs. L. W. Bloxon of this city, and Mr. Raymond B. West of Washington were married at the residence of Mrs. Bloxon on Cannon street on Tuesday evening, the ceremony being performed by Rev. H. N. Jeter, of Shiloh Baptist Church. The bride was gown in white silk trimmed with applique lace and wore a veil caught up with orange blossoms. She carried a bouquet of brides' roses. She was attended by Miss Sarah Field as maid of honor and Miss Ella Crook as bridesmaid. The best man was Mr. Albert Williams, and Mr. John Thomas and Mr. Clifford Johnston acted as ushers. A reception followed the ceremony.

Newport, in company with the rest of New England, has suffered some annoyance from the smoke of the many forest fires in neighboring states. On Thursday the smoke was so dense that the sun was completely obscured and the appearance was much like that of the famous "yellow day" of September 6, 1881. At times the smoke was so pungent as to cause an uncomfortable smarting of the eyes and in some parts of the state a slight fall of wood ashes was noticed. The smoke probably came from the forest fires on Cape Cod, although some of the smoke from the terrible fires in Maine may have penetrated this far.

The second annual tournament of the Aquidneck Gun Club was held on the club's grounds on Memorial Day and a large number of crack shooters from out of the city participated.

Recent Deaths.

Mr. Lewis Johns.

Mr. Lewis Johns, one of the oldest negro citizens, died at the Newport Hospital Thursday morning, in the seventy-third year of his age. Mr. Johns had taken care of many estates around Newport from time to time, and was well and favorably known. He was a member of the Mt. Olivet Baptist Church, of the Star of the East Beneficial Society and of the Masons.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the First Presbyterian Church will give a strawberry supper in the vestry of the church on Tuesday evening, June 9, from 6 to 8 o'clock. There will be no charge for admission but each person will of course be expected to pay for the dishes that he orders. This society has an enviable reputation for delicious suppers and on this occasion one will be able to get an excellent meal at a moderate price.

The cooling plant at Portsmouth Grove, through the efforts of Congressman Hull, will be materially enlarged over what the original contract called for by the Navy Department. Bids are asked for an increase to double the capacity of the present building and all this is being done before the original plant has been completed. The present shed has a capacity of 15,000 tons.

Rev. T. Calvin McClelland of this city delivered the historical address at the centennial of the Rhode Island House Missionary Society in Providence on Wednesday.

Rt. Rev. William N. McVickar, D. D., bishop coadjutor, administered the rite of confirmation to 83 candidates at Emmanuel Church last Sunday morning.

Rev. Henry Morgan Stone has started for Maine where he will pass a portion of the year's leave of absence granted him by Trinity Church.

Mr. Lorillard Spencer will sail for Europe on July 14th, to be absent some two months.

Middletown.

Newport County Pomona Grange, Patrons of Husbandry, held its regular meeting Tuesday, with Aquidneck Grange, members being present from Nonquit Grange, Tiverton, and from Portsmouth Grange. The morning session was devoted to the usual business after which luncheon was served in the council room. The lecturer's hour was opened at 2:15 by a brief address by W. D. Hurd of Kingston College, followed by a prepared paper upon the insect pests and the necessity of spraying and upon agriculture of the eastern section and the diseases of vegetation.

Mr. Hurd gave many facts relative to the three months course in this study which will be taken up at Kingston College this summer. He was also glad to answer any questions pertaining to the subject. Much discussion was excited by opinions expressed as to whether the tomato was a fruit or a vegetable. The matter being put to vote resulted in a tie. Past Master Thomas J. Hazard of Narragansett Pier was present and made interesting remarks upon tent caterpillars and their extermination, as also did the Hon. Nathaniel Peckham, Church Bros. of Tiverton offered a bounty of \$5 to each school for the destruction of these pests, at the rate of two cents for five cents. A literary and musical program completed the afternoon. In the evening a Farmer's Institute was held, the lecturer being the State ornithologist, Professor E. F. Forbush of Wareham, Mass., who gave an interesting account of "Birds of the Farm," assisted by Rev. H. L. Brackett, of the Congregational church, Marion, Mass., who illustrated the lecture with his stereopticon, presenting thirty-five entirely new views of the farm and farm birds, where Professor Forbush spends the most of his time studying birds and their habits. The lecture was much enjoyed by an appreciative audience, and at its close the public was given the privilege of questioning Prof. Forbush in regard to birds. Miss Elsie Chase furnished music throughout the afternoon and evening.

Upon the afternoon of Whitsunday the Rt. Rev. Bishop McVickar administered the rite of confirmation to a class of seven young men at the Berkeley Memorial chapel, there being an unusually large congregation present. The candidates were presented by the Rev. John B. Dillman of St. George's School, the Rev. Arthur N. Pease also assisting at the services. The altar was very tastefully decorated with flowers.

The blacksmith shop formerly used by Alfred Carr near Paradise avenue has been moved to the corner of Third Beach road and Green End avenue. It has been renovated and is now being used for blacksmithing and wheelwrighting purposes by Mr. James Taber.

Aquidneck Grange is preparing to give its annual strawberry festival June 11. There will also be an entertainment. Nonquit Grange, Tiverton, held its strawberry festival-entertainment and social at its Grange Hall June 4.

Jameson.

Steamer Canankut was taken up for repairs Tuesday afternoon, having battered into the bridge in her slip, launching Gertrude and Reliance taking her place on the line.

The Jameson Bros. Band has been granted permission to use the town hall two evenings each week.

THE EASY WAY OUT

By Howard Tiddling

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MR. WILLARD KNIGHT had been a widower and alone so long that by the strange law which rules our mortal nature in such matters the brief and hallowed time when he had not been alone, the time of sweet companionship so dearly cherished in his heart, seemed to be coming nearer.

He occupied the upper floor of a small building which he had taken on a lease thirty years before and had subsequently bought because he had not dared to run the risk of having to move away. The rooms were comfortable enough and had been suited to such needs as he possessed at the time of his marriage. The remainder of the building was rented to an express company, the second to a dressmaker and half the third to a young married couple who were much in arrears. The other half of the third floor was vacant, and the fourth was Mr. Knight's.

Mr. and Mrs. Hadley, the third floor tenants, were very nice people, as their landlord would say to any one who would listen. If he had not taken a great fancy to them, he would have bawled them out with some ceremony when they failed to pay promptly, for Knight was a man incapable of perceiving an excuse for delay.

But he liked Hadley. He liked him so well that he used to swear at him in a way that made up in earnestness what it lacked in real profanity. Even alone in his own room he would sometimes swear at Hadley for a straight half hour, and he devoted no such share of his attention to anybody else.

Hadley was very much in love with his wife, but he made her life wretched. He tortured her with his unrelenting despondency. When a woman loves a man, she believes in him. If he says that the world is black, it becomes black to her even when she has the courage to stand up and tell him that it is white and cheery and a good place to live in.

Hadley conducted a little, dying, outworn business which he had inherited from his father. He should have sold it out for anything that he could get and have gone heart and soul into a more promising one. He knew this and would say so readily, but he lacked strength and courage to find and seize upon a better opportunity.

About 11 o'clock one evening Knight was alone in his room. He was walking up and down in the dark, smoking



"HOW WAS THIS DONE?"

hard and considering deeply, even wrathfully, the case of Ernest Hadley. "I'd stake that fellow," he was saying, "I'd put up some money for him and give him a start—if he hadn't lied to me."

The lie in question had been told that afternoon when Knight had caught Hadley on the stairs as the young man was going out to business after luncheon and had made a few remarks about the overcast rent.

"I shall have a lot of money soon," the tenant had said, "perhaps today. I'm all right. Just wait a little longer."

His affectionate and hopeful expectancy had been more sad than his ordinary gloom, for at least the gloom was real and true. The absurd falsehood was likely to cost the young man dearly. Knight had really been upon the point of doing something handsome, but he checked himself.

"At any rate," said he at last, "I'll go down and talk to him. I'll see what he has to say for himself."

He knew that Mrs. Hadley had gone out of town to spend the night with some relatives in the suburbs. It was a good chance to talk the whole matter over. So the old gentleman put a handful of change into his pocket and went out into the hall. Just as he closed his door he thought that he heard a noise in Hadley's room. He could not have described it accurately nor have said with conviction that it proceeded from the room below, but his impression was that it did.

He descended the stairs and knocked at Hadley's door. There was no response, though it would be that a bright light shone within. It might well be that Hadley was in the bedroom of the suit and had not heard the knocking, but Knight felt a sudden overpowering horror and moved quickly against the casing of the door. At last, he was in the room, with a very, looking up the right hand to the

and now, when in the hall, from Hadley's room he heard a faint sound.

He cried out without reason to suppose that there could be an answer, for he already pictured Hadley as dead and believed himself to be otherwise alone in the house. But a voice responded from the stairs below, and, turning with convulsive haste, he saw the face of George Warren, a man whom he employed as janitor in the building. Warren's work was usually over between 7 and 8 o'clock, and Knight was therefore the more surprised to see him at that hour.

"You here?" he exclaimed.

"I've been at work in the basement," answered Warren. "Did you hear anything? I thought I heard a sound like—"

He checked himself suddenly and then stooped and picked up something which lay upon the stairs. It was a revolver. Both men stared at it without the self command to speak intelligible words. Then, with a common impulse, they ran to the door of the Hadleys' apartment and burst it in.

They saw Hadley's body upon the floor. It lay face downward and was directly opposite them as they entered. It was at full length, the feet near a desk that stood under the chandelier. There was much blood upon the floor, and it was still flowing sluggishly from a wound in the back of the young man's head.

Knight knelt beside the body and raised it up, turning the face to the light. Life still lingered and a spark of consciousness. The eyes met Knight's with a look of recognition which gradually faded. Both Knight and Warren addressed frantic questions to the dying man; but, although it seemed to them that he understood, he uttered not a word.

They laid him on a couch, and then the janitor ran out for help, returning in less than five minutes with a doctor who lived next door. It was too late, indeed, no help could have been of use from the moment when the shot was fired. Before the doctor had finished his first hasty examination the soul had gone out of Hadley's body.

The physician turned away, with a gesture which signified that the end had come.

"How was this done?" he asked.

"We found the body on the floor," answered Knight. "There's his pocket-book, empty. The drawers of his desk have been pulled open and searched. The revolver was on the stairs. The murderer, whoever he was, must have gone down. But why I did not see him is a mystery which—"

"Come down!" echoed Warren, interrupting. "That can't be. I heard the shot. I was on the stairs leading up from the basement. If anybody had gone down I must have seen him."

"He may have gone upward—to the roof perhaps," suggested the doctor. "That might have seemed his best way of escape."

Knight shook his head.

"Impossible," said he. "No one could have fled that way. I was upstairs. The doctor looked from one to the other of them with blank amazement.

"Well," he said, with a sort of guess, "this is bad business."

It proved to be so indeed. The investigation which was immediately begun disclosed no escape from the conclusion which the simple facts here stated seem to make inevitable. Ernest Hadley's death lay absolutely between William Knight and the janitor, George Warren. Their own evidence totally excluded all other persons. The revolver upon the stairs, the blood stain on the door frame, the key of the locked door found lying upon the carpet in the hall, the lack of any other possible exit from the room—all these things combined to force an irresistible conclusion. Yet it was a conclusion which contained an alternative. The crime was not one in which an experienced detective would see any evidence of a conspiracy before the fact. To such a mind the case would stand thus:

Either Warren had killed Hadley for purposes of robbery, the crime growing out of that large sum which Hadley had told Knight in Warren's hearing that he was to receive that day, or Knight, who was known to be a chafic man in money matters, had shot Hadley in a quarrel about the young man's indebtedness and had constructed the evidence of a robbery as a hastily devised ruse to shield himself.

If the latter alternative were true, then Warren, who had been long in Knight's employ and was strongly attached to him, must know the truth and must be regarded as an accessory after the fact. Within a few days this view began to be strongly urged by the newspapers, and the police were blamed for failure to place both men under arrest.

The authorities were unwilling to take this course because they could not themselves believe that Knight had committed this crime. As there is no intent of making a mystery in this narrative, Knight's innocence has been declared in advance.

The torment which he suffered during this period need not be described. He was forced to labor under an intense suspicion and to fight against one in his own breast, for, since he was innocent, George Warren must be guilty. Yet he had known Warren from his youth, had always liked him, trusted him and believed in him.

Meanwhile there was Mrs. Hadley who had been lately summoned to face this dreadful tragedy. She may never have been truly happy with her husband, but it is certain that she was deeply attached to him because of his death. Knight feared for her sanity. Indeed she was not fully sane at first, ever going in the least of accusing Knight of the crime and demanding vengeance upon him. This injustice grieved him to the soul, for his earliest recollection in this terrible affair had been to provide for this poor woman as long as she should live. He had at first believed that she would be entirely restored, but within a few days it developed that Hadley had insured his life for \$20,000.

Even with such a provision she would need some one of business experience to safeguard her interests, and therefore as soon as she was calm enough to speak about the matter, Knight offered his services most courteously and kindly. Mrs. Hadley was

by some loose politician of her acquaintance against him, and she accepted his offer with something like humility. It appeared that she had already applied to the insurance company for a small payment, as she lacked money for her immediate support, and the company had refused her.

"They have dared to tell me," said she, "that they must first investigate his death! That they have sworn to think he may have taken his own life!"

Upon learning this Knight went to see the president of the company, a man with whom he was quite well acquainted. The gentleman was vague and evasive. He would authorize no payment. But Knight took some money out of his own pocket and made Mrs. Hadley believe that the insurance company had paid it.

A few days later Knight was descending the stairs from his apart-



"WHY MUST I EVER INVESTIGATE HIS DEATH?"

ments—descending them slowly and heavily, for he had aged ten years in the last week—when George Warren came rushing out of the rooms which the Hadleys had occupied. They were empty now because the widow could not live in that scene of horrid memory.

Warren was pale as paper and speechless with excitement. He seized Knight by the arm and dragged him into the parlor of the little suite, closing and locking the door behind them. Then he rushed across the room, passing over the spot where Hadley's body had lain. The wall was water-coated fully five feet from the floor.

Warren laid a trembling hand upon this wall, and instantly Knight saw a small panel open. Within there was a revolver pointing straight outward. There was a mechanism of a very simple sort by which the weapon if cocked could be discharged. The panel closed with a spring.

Standing with his hand upon the open panel, Warren mumbled inarticulate sounds.

"I see, I see," said Knight, with a shudder. "He was clever with cabinet makers' tools. He made many pretty little things for her. And he made this for her too. The fool! The infernal fool! As if she could be paid with \$20,000!"

"He put the revolver out there," said Warren hoarsely. "He marked the doorpost with blood. There was a little cut on his wrist. Did you see it? If you'd gone to the club and I hadn't stayed later than usual—"

"Well planned, well planned," muttered Knight. "That that thing up and nail it. She must never know of this."

"But you can't let the insurance company pay?"

"No, but I can pay it myself. There's time to settle it today."

He glanced at his watch and then went slowly out of the room.

That afternoon Mrs. Hadley received \$20,000 and the insurance company filed away a receipt in full. It is better business to pay a claim than to contest it, especially when the money is furnished by somebody else.

In the evening Willard Knight was pacing the floor of his dining room very much as he had been going on another evening not long before. He was very tired and weak, for he had called upon the owners of six newspapers and the chief of police and had not had time for his dinner. But he had strength enough left to swear at Ernest Hadley in the same old way.

"The coward! The fool coward! See the misery he has caused us all. I would have done something handsome for him. I saw means to do it. Why couldn't the infernal rascal let me do it before he was dead? And he had ability, too; splendid ability. Bless him!"

Indians and Citizenship.

Indians who maintain their tribal relations are not permitted to vote in any state. They are not citizens of the United States, but merely "wards of the nation." In all the states, we believe, an Indian who has severed his tribal relations and become a citizen and a taxpayer has a right to vote on an equality with the whites. In the matter of voting the fifteenth amendment to the constitution prohibits the states from making any discrimination on account of race or color. Our naturalized laws, for instance, do not admit Chinamen to naturalization, but the supreme court has decided that a Chinaman born here is as much a citizen as are the descendants of those who came over with John Smith to Jamestown or with the pilgrim fathers to Plymouth rock. And the Indians ought to have better rights here than the Chinaman.—St. Louis Republic.

No Doctor About It.

"How do you feel about it, doctor?" asked the friend. "You haven't seen a doctor?"

"I know what it is all right," replied the victim. "Rheumatism is one of those things that don't need an introduction."

A Smuggling ... Episode

(Original.)

There is on the northern part of Manhattan Island an entrance called Fort George. When General Washington retreated from Long Island, he took up a temporary position there with his three army regiments. Now the place is a summer restaurant where people go to dine on the broad piazzas and enjoy the view, the evening two men were sitting on the veranda near the wall of the house. Through a window beside them they could hear the orchestra playing inside and look at the panorama without. They were talking in a very low tone.

"Now that the job is finished and we're rich I'd like to hear about your early efforts in the same direction," said one to the other.

"They were not very successful. You see, every way of concealing diamonds for smuggling purposes on the person is pretty well known to the customs men. I invented some of them or thought I did, but others had either used them or soon got on to them. The first I tried was cutting my hair to grow straight up on my head and concealing diamonds there. But on one trip several of us were suspected and searched. Seeing the weather go through the hole and beard of one of the party—diamonds were found in his beard—I was obliged to part with my stock in a hurry through a crack in the floor. This was a total loss of \$10,000."

"My next venture was having boots heels made hollow, and in each heel I successfully brought through \$10,000 of gems, which helped me out of my previous loss. I would have tried it again, but heard that the detectives had got on to the scheme."

"On my next trip I took my wife with me, and when we returned she had a hat adorned with a dozen of the prettiest red cherries you ever saw, and in each cherry was a diamond. The scheme would have worked well if she had come through alone. Unfortunately I was recognized as having been suspected on previous occasions, and this involved her. We were both searched, and the women who examined her went straight for the cherries."

"I had good success in having the works of a fine lady's watch put into a good sized chronometer. This left a fine space around the works for jewels, and I filled it up. But on this occasion I could have had the diamonds anywhere, for I was disguised and went through without being suspected."

"At last the customs officers got to examining everything man or woman could wear that could be made hollow, and I concluded to get up a dodge by which the jewels could be brought through without being subject to examination. I taxed my ingenuity to the utmost, but could devise no way without taking in a confederate. I knew you and had confidence in your being straight. As for nerve or slight of hand or anything like that, the case didn't require it. The beauty of the scheme was that I could bring as many diamonds as I liked."

"You know the rest. I took passage from New York and before leaving the wharf at Southampton engaged a return berth and at once called you in New York the number of my berth, which you secured for next trip out. When I went aboard again with \$200,000 worth of diamonds, I knew just where I was to put them. I had a carpenter's bit, a narrow saw and a pot of paint. During the trip I took up a section of the stateroom floor and chucked in the diamonds. Of course as an old suspect when I went ashore I was searched, but as the diamonds were still on the ship I didn't mind a little thing like that, though I went off with the usual indignation at being taken for a smuggler."

"I confess I was a little nervous the day you sailed. I knew you had the room all right, but I feared some slip. You see a big part of half a million was at stake. When your wife and daughters, after seeing you off, came in with the bags in their pockets and told how they had cried over you and waved to you and all that, I was happy as a king. I knew that I must conceal the haul somewhere till your return or longer, for that matter, and concluded there was no safer place than on my own person. No one is going to molest me. The only fear for a smuggler is coming ashore with the goods on him."

The dinner being finished, the two men lighted cigars, slipped their coffee and leaned back in their chairs with the comfortable feeling of having straked all on a chance and won.

"Shall we divide now?" asked the listener.

"Just as you like. I've got two bars in my pocket of equal value. I'll take out my handkerchief. In it will be one of the bags. I'll toss the handkerchief, with the bag, carelessly into my hat. When we leave, you take my hat instead of your own."

The feat was executed. Just as the men were about to rise two arms reached from the window and grasped their coat collars. At the same time a man dining at a neighboring table arose, advanced and clapped a pair of bracelets on each.

The change from the satisfied expression on the smugglers' faces to abject misery was something to be remembered.

Later on the detective informed them how he got on to them.

"I was called from Southampton by a watchmaker detective that you had gone on board with a large amount in diamonds. When you went ashore and I didn't find them, I was puzzled. But I knew they were somewhere, and I've been shadowing you ever since."

"Smuggling's played out. You've got the thing down to size."

MARY ALICE BOND.

Extremely Rare.

Toddy—Pop! What is meant by the sense of humor?

Father—The sense of humor, my son, consists largely of knowing when not to be funny.—Philadelphia Record.

ONE OF THE BEVERLY GIRLS

(Copyright, 1908, by T. C. McInture.)

She was lithe and slim, with a complexion of mellow cream in her brown cheek and unexpected dimples whenever she talked, but she didn't talk much. She lived out of doors mostly, and she heartily detested head coverings of any description, so that her auburn hair was crimped over to the color of August corn tassels.

Patty was inconspicuous and unlike the other Beverlys. People said she was a model.

Cheesedine had heard of the charms of the Beverly girls before he went to the little country town of Yarrow, which they illumined with the brilliance of their beauty. Moreover, it had been predicted that he would fall a victim to Melora Beverly, for that was the accepted rule. Still there were exceptions, and some did escape Melora's fascination, only to become entangled in the silver web of Lillian's golden hair or fall under the spell of Laura's wonderful singing. Cheesedine proved what might be called an exceptional exception, for neither the magnetic complexion nor melting dark eyes of Melora, the golden locks and blue eyes of Lillian nor the witching voice of Laura held the charm that he found in Patty's little contradictory face and odd, alert ways. He had only met her accidentally. No one ever seemed to think Patty of much importance. And yet he, John Cheesedine, who had traveled half over the world and never shed for woman's love, found himself a slave.

They became chums after a fashion, and she showed him where the harvest patch and papaw thickets were. One day he saw her gather a little bunch of yellow threads that tangled about an herb.

"Now we can tell our fortunes," she said. He looked on, mystified.

"It is golden threads, or 'love vine'! You take a single thread, tie a loose knot, think of the one you love and try to draw the knot tight. If the thread breaks, you will never marry that person; if not, you will."

He laughed. "Let's try it," he said. "Did you ever have your fortune told, Mrs. Cheesedine?"

"Once—by a gypsy woman. She said I was going to marry a widow."

Patty moved quickly, and the fringe of red spread over her brown cheek.

"And I know how she was lying."

"Why are you so sure?" Patty drew up the golden knot she was tying with a vicious little twist that snapped it.

"Because I do not choose that it shall be true. You've wrecked your love with that thread, Lady Patty. Try another."

"Lady Patty" was the whimsical title he had given her from the first. She dropped all the golden snarl of vine upon the ground and turned her head away.

"Who did you name?" he asked.

"Nobody—I won't tell. It's all a lie, anyway," she said sharply, and, looking into her face, he saw she was pressing her lips tight together to keep them from quivering. He was puzzled.

"Lady Patty, have I said anything to offend you?"

"No." She turned her head steadfastly away. "Let us go home."

They went on slowly. John was badgering his brain for a solution of Patty's change of mood. It was as if a bright spring day suddenly became overcast, with a flurry of snow.

They came to the bars of a great meadow. Far across it, on the slope of the hill was the little village church and back of it the peaceful "God's acre," whose stones gleamed white in the sunshine. Patty stood gazing at it with solemn eyes.

"Have you any friends there?" John asked reverently. Then she let her eyes—soft, mysterious gray eyes, they were—come back to his face as she answered simply:

"My husband."

"Patty, dear, are you wild? Your husband! Why, you are scarcely more than a child. Are you not one of the Beverly girls?"

"I am Walter Beverly's widow. You may have heard the girls mention their dead brother Walter. I am claimed as one of the 'Beverly girls,' and no one thinks me of enough importance to explain or even remember about it, but I am twenty-three and have been a widow for four years. Please lower the bars now and let us go home."

And then he remembered the fortune teller—the widow—

"Patty, Lady Patty, wait," he cried. "I never knew; I never dreamed it. Nobody told me of it. I took it for granted you were the youngest of the Beverly sisters. Love, stop. I will not let you go through the bars until I have told you. I named 'Patty' when I tied the love vine knot, and, see, it is drawn tight. Who did you name?"

"Lower the bars," she ordered imperiously.

"Not until you tell me, Lady Patty," he said huskily.

"I won't tell. Anyway, the thread broke, and besides, you said you would never marry a widow."

"I told them. Here is my vine knot. Try your fortune again and name the same name—out loud, mind you. What was it?" She stole a glance at his face and saw all the tenderness in his eyes. Then she took the golden thread, tied a knot in it and unwrapped solemnly the knot for him to hear.

"John Cheesedine."

MARJIE WHITNEY.

A Terrible Memory.

"I saw you last night and had no idea."

"No, sir, I don't."

"All right, I was just saying."

"All right, now that you mention the all—"

"I'll remember you perfectly!"

—Detroit Free Press.

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The Mercury.

JOHN F. HANBORN, Editor and Manager.

Saturday, June 6, 1903.

The forest fires all over New England are causing fearful damage to property, but fortunately no loss of lives is reported.

The English cotton trade is so depressed that 15,000 bales have been stopped in southeast Lancashire in order to curtail the production.

President Roosevelt believes that this country should build five warships annually. The President is in for a big navy, and in that the country is with him.

The estate of the late Thomas B. Reed aggregated more than \$400,000—a sum that will constitute wealth in Portland, though it is but a poor man's pile in New York city.

General Soltter Kelley of the Long Island Railroad says that Long Island City will have one of the largest and most complete railroad terminals in the world within a few years.

The new street pavement, as far as laid on Spring street, seems to make a substantial road bed. When the entire job is done Broadway and Spring street will show big improvement.

It is said that this country has in the past few months liquidated over one hundred and fifty millions of its debt to the foreign countries. Well it is just as well to be free from foreign entanglements.

The town elections that have taken place this week have been a draw as far as indicating political sentiment is concerned. The Democrats carried South Kingstown, Barrillville and Foster and the Republicans took the rest.

The registration of voters is now progressing quite rapidly, over 600 have been registered to date. Everybody who has any desire to have a word in State or municipal matters next year should see that his name is recorded with the city clerk at once.

The far away possession of Uncle Sam, the little island of Guam, has been connected by cable with Manila, and it will soon be connected with the Sandwich Islands. Then we shall have all our outlying possessions in telegraphic communication with each other.

Today the hearing on the application for an injunction against the city, by the Old Colony Street Railway Company, takes place. It is to be hoped that the decision will come speedily. It will be better for all concerned if the matter can be settled without any further delay. The greatest sufferers from the unsettled condition of Broadway are the merchants in that vicinity.

The Ohio Republican State Convention held Thursday was a very harmonious and enthusiastic gathering. President Roosevelt was endorsed with tremendous applause. The President's renomination and election seems as certain as anything in the future can be. It is pretty evident, too, that there will be no tinkering with the tariff and no change in the financial policy of the country for the next four years.

The new naturalization law went into effect June 1st. Its requirements are much more stringent than heretofore. Naturalization can only be effected in open court. The questions the applicants must subscribe to and the oath they must take covers three full pages of legal cap. The new act provides that an applicant must declare whether or not he is an anarchist. An affirmative answer will bar him from citizenship. Hereafter the taking out of naturalization papers will be accompanied with considerable difficulty.

It seems to be the consensus of opinion all over the country that President Roosevelt is the only man that stands a ghost of a show of election in 1904 by either party. His nomination by the Republicans is as sure as anything can be in the future, and the enthusiasm for him throughout the great West is unbounded. Gov. Van Sant of Minnesota says that he will carry that State by 100,000 majority and that is only a sample of what the other Western States will do. If present indications come true President Roosevelt will have the greatest majority any President ever had.

A New York paper commenting on President Roosevelt's statement that this nation must in the future play a great part in the world's history, says: "And when, pray, were we not playing a great part in the world? The history of the United States did not begin in Manila Bay. Our infant fleet suppressed the Barbary pirates to whom the great powers of Europe had been humbly paying tribute. With a few frigates and sloops we challenged the thousand jeopards of England and won more victories over them than had been won by all the great naval powers of the continent combined. We flung the Monroe doctrine in the face of the Holy Alliance. We took Martin Koszeta from the deck of an Austrian warship. We secured honorable settlements of half a dozen threatened disputes with Great Britain. Our pressure forced Napoleon III out of Mexico. By friendly negotiations we obtained from Russia the sovereignty of her vast American possessions—a region nearly twice the size of that of Manchuria." All this is very true but it is denied that in the past five years we have bunched a pretty large pile of history into the doings of Uncle Sam's children.

Rhode Island College.

Commencement week at the Rhode Island College of Agriculture and Mechanical Arts will begin on Sunday, June 14, at 8:30 p. m., with a baccalaureate address by President Butler. Subject, Growth. On Tuesday, at 11:30 a. m., will occur the regular Commencement exercises. Dr. W. H. Jordan, Director of the New York Agricultural Experiment Station at Geneva, will deliver an address on "The Education of the Rural People." In the afternoon, 2:30-5:00, there will be an Art Reception at the Studio, when opportunity will be given to inspect the students' work. During the afternoon the various laboratories, shops and barns will be open to visitors.

There will be no lunch served in the drill hall after the exercises as has been the custom in the past. Visitors wishing to bring their own lunches may have baskets checked and cared for, during the exercises, free of charge. For those not wishing to provide for themselves, a caterer will be on the grounds to furnish food at reasonable prices.

The public are cordially invited to attend these exercises of Commencement week.

Inspector of Nuisances.

The Inspector of Nuisances reports that during the month of May, 1903, 914 inspections were made, divided as follows:

Where inside or non-freezing closets were found, 418; stables found clean, 54; vauls 8; vauls found clean, 86; vauls half full or less, 190; vauls full or overflowing, 91; grease traps and drains stopped up, 2; overflowing cesspools, 1; dirty yards, 6; nuisances from ulgur soil barrels, 1; defective plumbing, 5; fifth and rubbish in cellar, 1; stagnant water in cellar, 2; condemned vauls overflowing, 2; waste from ice box running in the street, 1; nuisance from horse bedding in the street, 1; throwing soil in the yard, 1; nuisance from manure, 1; condemned manure pit being used, 1; vauls condemned and nothing done, 17; condemned vaul filled by owner, 1; condemned vaul, closet put in, vaul not filled, 1; inspections where infectious or contagious diseases were reported: diphtheria, 4; typhoid fever, 8; foul odors from eye-holes, 1; where no cause of complaint was found, 8; not classified, 16; soil complaints received, 4; garbage, 3. One sample of water sent to State Board of Health.

Grand Performances.

The character of the entertainment to be offered by the Barnum & Bailey Greatest Show on Earth, when it arrives here on June 17, will be one of the most varied description, embracing everything of interest in the amusement line. There will be a circus of exceptional merit and stupendous magnitude presented in three big equestrian rings, all the circles being occupied at one and the same moment with champion artists together with several troupes of high class acrobats and gymnasts on two platforms, interspersed with daring and thrilling aerial feats performed directly under the dome of the canvas. There will be many periods when performances will be going on simultaneously in all the rings, on the stages and in the air, as many as a dozen different acts being seen at once, and as many as 50 performers at the same moment being engaged in their execution. Nearly 100 acts of a perilous and thrilling kind are thus performed in the space of two hours.

The mayor of Pawtucket, Mr. Fitzgerald, who aspires to be the Democratic leader in this State, undertook some days ago to cast aspersions on the people of Little Compton. But he got as good as he sent from Mr. Philip H. Willbourn, the representative from that town, who wrote the Providence Journal in reply, as follows:

"Little Compton citizens may not be so familiar with the electric current as Fitzgerald of Pawtucket, but as yet they are not on record as making any futile attempts to interfere with the same, as did the valiant mayor of Pawtucket not long since. Numerically, Pawtucket exceeds Little Compton. Geographically, Little Compton is greater than Pawtucket. Both being component parts of the State are entitled to representation. Facts and comparisons we do not propose to discuss at the present time.

"Those people down in Little Compton prefer to beat around in their own bushes" rather than go up and down the State agitating and denouncing imaginary evils that exist only in the fertile minds of certain prominent Democrats and erstwhile Republicans, who forget that loyalty to their fair name and fame of Rhode Island and charity to the womanhood, as well as the manhood of our State at large, so viciously and cruelly maligned by the correspondent of the New York Evening Post of May 7, are sentiments that still appeal to and will be jealously upheld by every man in Rhode Island. And we are inclined to believe that any efforts in this direction, supplemented by the wonderful and marvellously equipped lung power of the gentleman from Pawtucket, could not fail to penetrate and impress those people down in Little Compton."

Mr. Arthur Osborne Pritchard, son of Mr. George A. Pritchard of this city, was ordained to the ministry at the Congregational Church in White Plains, N. Y., on Thursday evening. Rev. T. Calvin McCalland and Mr. George A. Pritchard of this city attended the ordination.

A New York prophet calculates that the population of the city will be 27,000 before the end of the present century. "There, now," remarks New York to Chicago's city directory multiple man.

The Baldwin Locomotive Works, during the six months ending July 1, will have turned out 1,000 locomotives, the greatest number of finished engines in any six months in its history.

Between the Turks who kill Christians and the Russians who slaughter Jews there seem to be more than one sick man among the nations of eastern Europe.

Washington Matters.

President Roosevelt's Endorsements by State Conventions are Gratifying to the People—Special Development in the Post-office Investigation—United States Ship will go to Kiel—Notes.

(From Our Regular Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, June 1, 1903. It is doubtful if a greater endorsement was ever paid to a President than that implied by the generous endorsement of President Roosevelt's candidacy to succeed himself. Fifteen States, represented by 450 votes in the national convention, have already endorsed, in State convention, the candidacy of Mr. Roosevelt and the action of the Ohio convention, which is assured, will add 46 votes to the total number. There will be 955 votes in the national convention so that 483 will be required to nominate. The States which have already declared for Mr. Roosevelt are Alabama, Arkansas, Connecticut, Iowa, Kansas, Massachusetts, Missouri, Minnesota, New York, Rhode Island, Texas, Utah, Washington, Illinois and Pennsylvania. Ohio will add its endorsement this week and the following have pledged their support through their State chairmen: California, Michigan, Maine, Tennessee, Kentucky, Colorado, Wyoming, Wisconsin, Idaho, Oregon, New Hampshire, Vermont, Maryland, West Virginia, Nebraska and Montana. These will add 280 votes to the above number making a grand total of 730 votes, or 237 more than enough to nominate, pledged to President Roosevelt more than a year in advance of the nominating convention.

The clearing of the political situation, the acquiescence of Senator Hanna to the inevitable, following the President's bold and characteristic announcement that he who is not with me is against me; have all combined to constitute an incident which is the occasion of the greatest satisfaction to the President's friends as it has demonstrated his wide spread popularity beyond all question. The reluctance of shrewd Democratic politicians to permit the use of their names as presidential possibilities is also regarded as a most encouraging sign, as it clearly indicates that the next Democratic candidate will, in their opinion, be but a vicarious sacrifice on the altar of Democratic harmony.

Representative John A. T. Hull, of the Seventh Iowa district, has just arrived in Washington and he assures your correspondent that there is not a trace of factionalism left in the Republican ranks in Iowa. Senator Allison ("the great pacifier"), has drafted the tariff plank which will be submitted to the convention and has shown it to representatives of every shade of tariff opinion in the state and it meets with the approval of all. The clause which refers to "the shelter of monopoly" had been eliminated but that which prohibits the propriety of revising the schedules from time to time, as changing conditions warrant, is retained. Mr. Hull is on his way to West Point as he is a member of the Congressional committee selected to visit the military academy.

The most startling and sensational development in the postoffice scandal has occurred within the past week. August W. Machen, general superintendent of free delivery, has been arrested, charged with accepting a bribe estimated at \$22,000 and has been released on bail to the amount of \$20,000. The arrest of Machen breaks the ring which has long looted the Government through postoffice channels, believing themselves secure because of the political influence which they had created by a lavish use of the federal funds. Other and almost as sensational arrests are promised in the near future and it is believed the end is now in sight. The detection of Machen's criminality was accomplished by what Postmaster General Payne describes as the cleverest piece of detective work in his experience. No word was breathed to any official by Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Bristow, regarding the trail which the inspectors had struck, until the chain of evidence was complete and Machen had virtually broken down under the searching catechism to which he had been subjected by Bristow and his assistants. The facts were then laid before the postmaster general who signed the request for a warrant for Machen's arrest.

The credit for the present investigation is due to Robert J. Wynne, first assistant postmaster general and a personal appointee of President Roosevelt. Mr. Wynne long ago discovered that affairs in the division of free delivery were not properly conducted and so reported to the President and postmaster general. Mr. Bristow was then ordered to begin the present investigation and the postmaster general is loud in his praises of the thorough manner in which Mr. Bristow has conducted this difficult and delicate undertaking. As far back as last December, the Washington Times preferred grave charges against Machen and other officials of the postoffice department. The Star, another local publication, repudiated the charges and strong influence secured the dropping of the subject by the Times. The Star, it may be remarked, is the owner of an office building in which the postoffice department is an extensive and generous tenant. In January, the President learned some of the facts and ordered the investigation which has already resulted in removing a number of unworthy officials from the postal service.

Great interest attaches to a rumor that Senator Quay is about to retire from active politics. The rumor was received with little credence until it became known that Mr. Quay had absented himself from the State convention and had permitted Senator Penrose to be elected State chairman. The convention enthusiastically endorsed President Roosevelt and the policy of protection.

The President has taken a step likely to promote good feeling between the United States and Germany by ordering that the European fleet proceed to Kiel to participate in the great naval regatta to be held there in June. This action of the President, will, it is believed, disarm that section of the German press which has been diligent in its protestations that the United States had spurned the friendly advance of the Kaiser on every possible occasion. It will be remembered that the President was obliged to decline the invitation extended for the visit of the North Atlantic squadron to Kiel, some time ago.

Mr. George G. Barlow, who has been seriously ill at his home on Guerney court, is much improved in health and is able to walk out daily.

"I will not sit that way" angrily exclaimed the obstinate dame in the photographer's gallery. "I can't and I won't, so there!" "Madame," said the photographer, "it will be impossible for me to make a good negative of you unless you quit being so positive."—Baltimore News.

Real Estate Sales and Rentals.

Mary Augusta King has sold to Joseph Barrett, for \$600, a strip of land 20 feet wide, adjoining his estate on Drumm street and containing 3,180 square feet.

Honora Drury has sold her property, bounded westerly on Calender avenue, 281-2 feet; southerly by land of Mary H. Morgan, 60 feet; westerly by land of Patrick Bowler and partly by land of M. Sullivan, 30 feet, and northerly by land of John Murphy, 60 feet, to Patrick and Katherine Moriarty.

Patrick J. Morgan has deeded to James Collins and wife in consideration of \$2,200 the property bounded westerly by land of Michael Bess, 53 feet; southerly by land of the heirs of Matthew Petzka; westerly by Morgan's court, 33 feet, and northerly by land of greater, 100 feet.

The Guillaume property on Maitland court, adjoining lands of Henry J. Peckham, Anna F. Hunter and the Old Colony Railroad Company, has been sold at auction by the mortgagees, the Coddington Savings Bank, to Bridget N. Curran, for \$1,002.

William E. Brightman has rented for Lydia Watson her tenement on the Corner of Second and Walnut streets, to George E. West.

Weather Bulletin.

Copyrighted, 1903, by W. T. Foster.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 5.—Last bulletin gave forecast of disturbance to cross continent June 6 to 10, warm wave 5 to 9, cool wave 8 to 12.

Next disturbance will reach Pacific coast about June 11, cross west of Rockies by close of 12, great central valleys 15 to 16, eastern states 15.

Warm wave will cross west of Rockies about June 11, great central valleys 16, eastern states 15. Cool wave will cross west of Rockies about June 14, great central valleys 16, eastern states 18.

This disturbance will follow a very cold dip, will inaugurate a warmer period of hot very high temperatures, will not bring much rain, only occasional showers, and the cool wave following will be moderate and we may expect a period of ten days rather pleasant June weather beginning with 12.

A very great rise in temperature will occur from 12 to 27 with a few cold dips occurring between. Indications are that the cool wave expected about 10 or 11 will pass through the southern states making it cooler in the south than in north.

Immediately following date of this bulletin a very low temperature cool wave will appear in the west that will affect all sections of the United States and Canada.

Temperature of the week ending June 15 will average below, normal rainfall below and the crop weather not very good.

Tiverton.

The annual town meeting in Tiverton on Wednesday brought out a large vote in both districts. There was a hard fight on and the councilmen elected were Capt. N. B. Church, Elmer E. Grinnell, John Carpenter, F. F. Grinnell and J. H. Manchester. Town Clerk A. Lincoln Hambley and Town Treasurer Henry C. Osborne were both re-elected. O. H. W. Grinnell was chosen moderator.

As far as the world can see the Russian authorities are practically passive, while its Jewish subjects are ruthlessly slaughtered.

GUARDIAN'S NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED having been duly appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate of the City of Newport, Guardian of the person and estates of DAVID P. BURKE and ELLEN C. BURKE, minors, of Newport, hereby gives notice to all persons having claims against said estates to present them within six months from the date hereof, and those indebted to make payment to MARGARET U. BURKE, Guardian. Newport, R. I., May 8, 1903—59

CITY OF NEWPORT.

Notice to Registry Voters.

ALL PERSONS who are required to register their names in order to vote in this City during the present year, are reminded that they must register in person at the

CITY CLERK'S OFFICE, CITY HALL,

before 9 o'clock p. m., on

TUESDAY, JUNE 30th, 1903.

The office is open from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m., daily, and will be open from 10 to 8 o'clock p. m. on Wednesday, June 3rd and 10th; Saturdays, June 13th and from Wednesday, June 17th to Friday, June 20th, from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.

On Saturday, June 27, Monday, June 29, and Tuesday, June 30, the office will be open from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.

MAY 30, 1903. DAVID STEVENS, City Clerk.

CARR'S LIST.

Lover Mary, by the author of Mrs. Wiggs. A Whistman's Wife, by F. T. Butler. The Insane Room, by Mrs. Campbell Praed. The Room with the Little Door, by Roland Burnham Molineux.

Six Trees, by Mary E. Wilkins Freeman. The New Boy at Dale, by Charles Edward Rick. A book of rare interest for boys and girls.

Whimlets, by S. Scott Stimson.

The Spy Company, by A. C. Gunter.

The Golden Rapids of High Life, by Colonel Richard H. Savage.

DAILY NEWS BUILDING.

THE HAMPDEN SECURITY CO.

BOOTS & SHOES,

214 Thames Street,

NEWPORT, R. I.

Turkish Baths.

When in Providence don't forget to try one of

"JOE HEATON'S"

TURKISH BATHS.

Massage and Electricity, Large Swimming Pool, Private Sleeping Rooms.

THE BEST THE CITY AFFORDS.

Whiteley & Heaton,

36 Aborn Street, Providence, R. I.

THOMAS WHITELEY. JOSEPH HEATON.

23-4th

Portsmouth.

Wm. E. Brightman has rented for Mr. J. Allen Barker a tenement in the Barker Block to Mrs. H. B. Hart.

Mrs. Mary C. Anthony, only daughter of Mr. George Anthony, and Mr. Frank Wheeler of Bristol Ferry were married at the Christian Church at 1 o'clock on Wednesday. The church was decorated for the occasion.

The bride wore a dress of white lace and a long veil caught up with roses. She carried a bouquet of white roses. Mrs. Gertrude Coggeshall, who acted as bridesmaid, wore a dress of white with hat to match. Mr. Alton Coggeshall performed the duties of best man, and the ushers were Messrs. Marston Chase, Woodman Chase, Theodore Lawton and Abner P. Anthony.

A reception, to which only the families and a few intimate friends were invited, was held at the home of the bride's parents.

The bride received many pretty gifts. Mr. and Mrs. Wheeler left for the afternoon on their wedding trip.

Block Island.

At the annual financial town meeting on Tuesday a proposition to issue bonds for \$100,000 to liquidate the floating debt of the town was defeated by a vote of 186 to 74. A motion to appoint A. H. Sprague and H. B. Milliken a committee to examine the reports of the town treasurer and town council was declared lost. It was voted to increase the tax rate three mills on a dollar and to decrease the highway appropriation \$600.

Mr. William R. Champlin graduated from the Boston University Law School on Wednesday, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Law, summa cum laude. Mr. Champlin is a native of this town, being a brother of Senator O. E. Champlin and of Dr. J. C. Champlin. He has been manager of the New Hygeia Hotel for a number of years.

E. H. Brown

This signature is on every box of the genuine **Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets** the remedy that cures a cold in one day

WEEKLY ALMANAC.

JUNE 1903.	STANDARD TIME.				
	Moon	Mercury	Venus	Sun	High Water
6 Sat	4 29	7 27	2 26	1 50	4 05
7 Sun	5 24	7 27	3 1	1 50	5 11
8 Mon	6 19	7 26	3 30	2 07	6 27
9 Tues	7 14	7 26	3 59	2 24	7 43
10 Wed	8 9	7 26	4 28	2 41	8 59
11 Thurs	8 54	7 26	4 57	2 58	10 15
12 Fri	9 49	7 26	5 26	3 15	11 31

First Quarter 21 day, 5h. 20m. morning.
Full Moon 28 day, 10h. 5m. evening.
Last Quarter 18 day, 1h. 4m. morning.
New Moon 24 day, 11h. 1m. morning.

For Sale.

An Excellent 14-Room Cottage, with bath, gas, electric bells in every room, concrete cellar.

Full particulars on application.

SIMEON HAZARD,

40 BROADWAY.

Telephone 844.

A. O'D. TAYLOR.

Real Estate Agent, 182 Bellevue Avenue, Newport.

I am sole agent for the splendid 4-acre lot of land in Middletown, lying across the creek, at east of Eastern Beach. An hotel or first class boarding house erected there would be certain to secure a large summer business. Finest seaside site available—bathing rights, etc. For price apply at my office in Newport, 22d May, 1903.

A. O'D. TAYLOR.

Marriages.

June 2, at 7 p. m., in the Second Baptist church, of Newport, R. I., by Rev. J. Chester Hyde, pastor, William Anderson Melnyman and Elizabeth Read Smith, both of Newport. At the residence of the bride's mother, 32 Cannon street, at 11 a. m., Mrs. Evelyn Telle Buxton, to Raymond Holden West of Washington, D. C.

Deaths.

In this city, June 4, Lewis Johns, aged 72 years.

In this city, 29th ult., at her residence, 38 Hammond street, Ann Dunleavy.

In Tiverton, 1st inst., Joseph Rounds, in his 82d year.

In Providence, 2d inst., Serena, widow of Henry E. Ford, aged 78 1/2 years, William O. McKee, aged 84, 31st ult., William G. Short, aged 80.

C. H. Whittington,

Real Estate, Loan,

Insurance, Rental

and Collection Agency.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

REFERENCE:

THE NATIONAL EXCHANGE BANK,

Newport, R. I.

Main Office—94 BROADWAY, NEWPORT, R. I.

See See-Smiles Wrapper Below.

ABSOLUTE

SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's

Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

See See-Smiles Wrapper Below.

Very small and so easy to take as sugar.

FOR HEADACHE.

FOR DIZZINESS.

FOR BILIOUSNESS.

FOR TUBERCULOSIS.

FOR CONSTIPATION.

FOR SALLOW SKIN.

FOR THE COMPLEXION.

FOR THE STOMACH.

FOR THE LIVER.

FOR THE BLOOD.

FOR THE NERVES.

FOR THE SKIN.

FOR THE LUNGS.

FOR THE HEART.

BAD FIRES RAGING

Now Extend From Ocean to the Adirondacks

MAINE SUFFERS SEVERELY

White New Hampshire, Vermont and Massachusetts Have Their Share of Trouble—Flames in Canadian Provinces Are Also Beyond Control

Boston, June 3.—Forest fires, the result of the long drought, are now spreading destruction through Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, in Quebec, northern and eastern Maine, and to a less extent are raging in parts of New Hampshire, Vermont, New York and Massachusetts. Damage impossible to estimate accurately, but certainly reaching into millions of dollars, has already been done, and the danger to many lives and homes gives a tragic cast to the widespread disaster.

The fires in Maine and the vast Canadian provinces have been burning here and there for some weeks, but within the last two days they have gained strength and swept everything before them. Thousands of men are fighting the fire in different parts of the region mentioned, but the only promise of relief is in vain.

In Maine, Aroostook county has thousands of acres of burning forests and damaged settlements. The heavy cloud of smoke which envelopes it spreads along the whole coast belt of the state. Serious fires are burning near dozens of towns, at Cherryfield, Houlton, Presque Isle, Bangor, Castine, Topsham, Bath, Waterville and Lewiston and others.

The village of Braggville, better known as Sherman station, has been wiped out by the forest fires and a half dozen towns are threatened with a similar fate. Patten is surrounded by fire.

All hope for the safety of Shirley was abandoned, but reports now are to the effect that the fire is under control. The fire at Crystal plantation was confined to a dozen dwellings. Great damage has been done at Blacysville, Monticello and other places in the vast wilderness of northern Maine.

Crops have suffered with the forests, and many buildings have been destroyed. There is also heavy loss in the Housley lake region. Many houses have been burned at Gardiner.

In New Hampshire the fires have been isolated, but still threatening. Two railroad bridges have been burned, one of them four miles from the Profile house and the Waumbay bridge, between Cherry Mountain and Jefferson. Men were out from 8 a. m. until late last night fighting a fire on Mt. Stickney. This fire started in Zealand, a deserted hamlet on the other side of Mt. Stickney, and swept over a big area.

The lower part of Mount Lafayette has caught fire. A violent fire is raging between Waterford and Littleton and on Kilborn crags. The situation has been considerably relieved by digging trenches in the path of the flames. The veil of smoke has lifted perceptibly all over northern New Hampshire.

Advices received from all parts of Vermont show that a large territory is suffering from forest fires. But few buildings have been destroyed, but a few small places are threatened. The largest fire reported is one in Dabry, where it is said that 2000 acres of timberland has been burned over and is sweeping over still larger tracts. Reports of large fires in Essex county are received. Miles of territory have been burned over and fires are reported on all sides of Island Pond. Farmers are selling off their live stock, as there is little promise of sufficient feed to winter near the usual amount of stock.

Crops that had come up have been nearly destroyed by frost. In Burlington hay is selling for \$20 a ton. In Massachusetts Lymanfield and Tewksbury have suffered, and the Cape region, particularly about Chatham, has lost heavily. The whole eastern part of the state is in danger, and the fires in Wakefield, Reading and Gloucester threaten to become very serious. Late dispatches show that various changes in the wind have altered the progress of the fire, here checking and there increasing it.

There are serious forest fires in the Adirondack region of New York.

Army Officer Shot in Accounts
Washington, June 3.—Secretary Root has directed the arrest and trial of Lieutenant Joseph Lacour, Sixteenth infantry, when he is found, on the charge of being short in company funds. If not found within three months he will be dropped from the army as a deserter.

Austria Has Fastest Battleship
Vienna, June 4.—The speed trials of the new Austrian second-class battleship Arpad proves her to be the fastest battleship in the world. Her maximum speed is 20.12 knots an hour and she made an average of 19.65 knots in a six-hour run.

Bleystadt Elkes Killed
Cambridge, Mass., June 1.—Harry Elkes, the premier motor pace follower of the United States, was killed and Will Stinson, another well known pace follower, and F. A. Gately, a well known motor-steersman, were seriously injured in an accident at the initial meeting at the new Charles river track. The track is a five-lap track and the principal attraction was a 20-mile water-paced race between Elkes, Stinson, Walther and Morris.

Anticlimax Naval Day
Boston, June 2.—The Ancient and Honorable Artillery of Massachusetts observed its 250th anniversary with one of the finest parades in the history of the organization, together with a church service and a banquet. The election of officers resulted in the retirement of Captain Cushing as commander of the organization and the choice of Colonel Hedges of Boston as captain.

A TOTAL WRECK

North Topeka in a Scurry Flight as a Result of the Flood

Topeka, June 3.—The list of known dead now reaches 11. It is believed that many bodies are yet in the wreckage. Scores of persons are reported missing. The Union Pacific depot has been improvised as a morgue and there the bodies are gathered and await identification. The river has dropped over five feet from the high water mark.

North Topeka is a total wreck. The water is still over a greater part of the town. In the residence district it is seven feet deep in most places and there is considerable current, but it is no longer strong. The business part of the town is a sorry looking place, the damage of the waters being almost complete. The contents of most of the stores are ruined.

The greatest difficulty now exists in the wretched sanitary conditions. The health board is busy with the problem of sanitation and efforts to prevent an epidemic. To this end stringent regulations are being enforced.

From Manhattan, Abile, Saline, Florence, Lincoln Centre and Hutchinson comes reports that the water has about spent its force and that the towns are slowly recovering.

The yield of wheat will be much smaller as the result of the flood and the financial loss will be great. However, the state has great resources and is bearing up well under the stunning blow.

Kansas City, June 3.—With the rapid fall of the rivers, business is resuming its normal condition. The waterworks are pumping black water from the Kansas river not fit to drink and the danger from fire is over. Electric street car lines are in operation. Most of the missing persons have been heard from and it is thought the list of dead will not be over eight.

Expulsion For "Cutting" Chapel
Medford, Mass., June 4.—Two Tufts college students, both members of the present sophomore class, and one a "coed," have been unconditionally expelled by the faculty for failure to attend the college chapel services.

"Chapel" at Tufts is compulsory and only 20 absences are allowed each term from the daily service, and four from the Sunday service. The two students in question are Louis B. Estabrook and Miss Ida O. Thompson. Both overran their 20 "cuts" a term.

Farewell To Old Playhouse
Boston, June 3.—The curtain dropped on the stage of the Boston Museum for the last time last night after a benefit performance of "Mrs. Dane's Defense," the reading of a poem, and a farewell address by William Seymour.

The curtain fell very slowly and then one by one the new and the old friends of the theatre went down the stairs of the playhouse for the last time. The Vincent memorial hospital will receive \$2835 as the result of the closing performance.

Three Men Drowned
Bristol, R. I., June 1.—While trying to reach a wharf anchored about 60 yards from the shore in Mt. Hope bay last evening a party of six Fall River young men were capsized and Henry Gilmault, Marshall Goni and a man named Theobald were drowned. Duane Doyle and Eli Lemande were in a serious condition when rescued from the water. Doyle recovered quickly, but Lemande is still under a doctor's care, but will ultimately recover.

Gainesville's Loss Summed Up
Gainesville, Ga., June 3.—The relief committee met last night and issued a statement as to the effect of the tornado. It shows: Total killed, 95; will die, 12; wounded, 261; number needing hospital treatment, 60; number now in hospital, 31; number houses totally destroyed, 100; number houses partially destroyed, 40; number persons homeless, 600. The above list of the houses destroyed does not include stores, factories and offices demolished.

Merrill Held For Grand Jury
Boston, June 4.—Moody Merrill, who 10 years ago was one of Boston's most prominent citizens and politicians, was arraigned in the superior criminal court to plead to an indictment of 12 counts, alleging the embezzlement and larceny of practically \$10,000 from Mrs. Sarah Cohen. He pleaded not guilty, and he was held in \$10,000 for trial before a grand jury. Bail was furnished last night and he was released.

Southport Wants a Trust Company
Hartford, June 4.—Several prominent citizens of Southport appeared before the legislature and requested a charter for a trust company. This action is taken to mean that the Southport National bank will not be able to recover from the loss sustained through the defalcation of their cashier, Oliver Sherwood, who is supposed to have escaped with \$200,000 of the bank's funds.

The Pope Exhausted
Rome, June 3.—With regard to the reports that the pope is ill, it is learned that the only trouble from which he is suffering is exhaustion, due to over-fatigue as a result of the receptions he had held since Easter, when the people were admitted in private audience or to Pope Leo's presence to the number of over 20,000.

Cruiser Tacoma Takes the Water
San Francisco, June 3.—The cruiser Tacoma was launched at the shipyards of the Union Iron Works last evening in the presence of several thousand persons, including a delegation of people from Washington state.

The Shamrock Leaves Azores
Fayal, Azores, June 3.—Shamrock III and Shamrock I, conveyed by the Erin and the tug Cruiser, sailed last evening for New York.

President Starts For Washington
Danville, Ill., June 3.—President Roosevelt delivered the last scholastic speech of his long trip here, the home of Congressman Cannon, last evening. The stay here was only 20 minutes long and he left for Indianapolis, whence he will go direct to Washington. The last day's trip was an easy one. Stops were made only at Lincoln, Springfield, Decatur and Danville.

OHIO GETS IN LINE

For Hanna, Herrick, Harding and Harmony

ROOSEVELT IS ENDORSED

Herrick Nominated For Governor and Harding For Second Place—Maine Ex-claimed Influence in "Giving the Word" Only For Head of Ticket

Columbus, O., June 3.—The republican state convention closed with much altercation in its battle cries. At the convention on Wednesday Senator Hanna said: "Hands off." While Senator Foraker was presiding the delegates added the cry of Hanna, Herrick, Harding and Harmony.

The ticket: Governor, Myron T. Herrick; lieutenant governor, Warren G. Harding; auditor, W. D. Gullbert; treasurer, W. H. McKinnon; attorney general, W. H. Ellis; judge of supreme court, A. N. Summers; school commissioner, E. A. Jones; member of board of public works, G. H. Watkins.

While all conceded that it was "Hanna's year" he would not use his influence except for the head of the ticket, naming his neighbor, Myron T. Herrick, for governor. The senator's friend, George H. Cox of Cincinnati, named Harding for lieutenant governor and Ellis for attorney general, beside being a potential factor in nominating Judge Summers. Auditor Gullbert and others, especially McKinnon for treasurer, were strongly endorsed.

Of the three candidates for third terms, Gullbert was the only winner. Governor Nash and ex-Governor Bushnell had much to do with Gullbert's success, as Gullbert served under both of them. He was also deputy auditor of state under McKinnon, and by both Nash and Bushnell was considered an indispensable, so that Herrick was said also to have wanted the benefit of his experience of 16 years in that office.

It is stated that while Senator Hanna would not give out the word for ex-Congressman Boothman for the second place on the ticket, or for other personal preferences, he did ask to have the soldier element represented on the ticket. After Harding's name was presented by one veteran and his nomination was made by acclamation on the motion of another old soldier, this matter of soldier representation yielded a great influence in other contests.

While Senator Foraker expressed his gratification over the ticket and the results generally, he was especially gratified over the unanimous adoption of a resolution which endorsed President Roosevelt's nomination as well as his administration.

It had been anticipated that Senators Hanna and Foraker would lock horns over the endorsement of Roosevelt's candidacy, but, instead, they locked arms and are now leading the Ohio Republicans in this campaign more harmoniously than ever.

There never was more talk about firing a slate in advance of a convention than this year, but the balloting indicated that such was not the case, for at least some of the minor places. At any rate Hanna and Herrick did not exercise their personal influence "in giving the word" and left the ball before the nominations for minor places were made. In the "free-for-all" races that followed the convention was at times uncontrollable.

The resolutions commend President Roosevelt's ability and adherence to McKinley's principles and favor his nomination and the re-election of Hanna as senator; praise Governor Taft of the Philippines; favor three of the proposed constitutional amendments, maintenance of canals, better roadways, improvement of Ohio rivers and tax reform. No change is wanted in the tariff or other national declarations. Certain planks insist on the enforcement of the amendments for negro suffrage or the reduction of the representation of southern states in congress and the electoral college. The resolutions also favor legislation to stimulate local bank circulation.

Prefers Law to Cabinet Position
Washington, June 4.—It is announced authoritatively that Secretary Moody of the navy will not remain in the cabinet longer than the present term of President Roosevelt. Mr. Moody expects then to resume the practice of law.

TURKISH BUTCHERY

Over Two Hundred Persons Slaughtered and Their Village Burned
Monastir, European Turkey, June 3.—Details are arriving here of the slaughter of the inhabitants of the village of Smerdash by Bashi-Bazouks. On the arrival of the Bashi-Bazouks Chalaroff's band of insurgents withdrew to the mountains without sustaining any loss. Suddenly at sunset the Turks, who had completely surrounded the village, commenced a regular bombardment, whereupon all the villagers assembled in the streets.

Though the artillery ceased firing during part of the night, the infantry fired all night long. The bombardment was recommenced at daylight, but as it was ineffective the Turks set fire to the village on all sides and commenced a general massacre, slaughtering mercilessly women, children and the aged.

About 300 houses were burned and upwards of 200 persons, mostly women and children, were killed. Whole households were slain. One family of seven were slain and their bodies were heaped on the hearth. Not a living soul was left in the village. The survivors, many of them half burned or otherwise injured, fled. Some of the fleeing villagers were captured and had their ears and noses cut off before they were butchered.

The report adds that 1500 village's are in the mountains, without clothing or food. One band of these, consisting of 40 women and children, were caught by soldiers in a ravine and were killed after horrible treatment.

SHOOT TO KILL

Alleged Instructions to Strikers Who Attached a Car at Waterbury

Waterbury, Conn., June 3.—The prosecution in the cases of the eight striking trolley-men charged with the murderous assault on Conductor Merma and Motorman Morissette on the night of Feb. 28 caused a sensation in the superior court by placing on the witness stand Irwin H. Wokoff, proprietor of the pool room in which it is charged that the plot originated.

Wokoff told of the meeting of the eight men and 10 boys in his pool room. He continued with his story of the meeting near a lumber mill and of the trip to Faber's switch. The most sensational of Wokoff's testimony was to the effect that Willis Vandemark halted the crowd at a certain point and said: "Now we may meet a lot of sherrifs up here. They may be on the cars. If any of you meet any of them, hold them off till the rest get away and then escape. Don't shoot, boys, if you don't have to, but if you have to, shoot to kill."

The witness also said that Willis Vandemark halted them previous to that and made them all take an oath that they would never tell a word of that night's proceeding. Wokoff said he knew all the accused men and recognized them in the court room. He identified Edward B. Winnegar as the man who entered the car and who struck Merma the first blow.

Organized Labor Against Military
Boston, June 3.—Secretary Weigel of Drivers and Bottlers' union 122 says that 90 percent of the labor unions reject applications for membership if the applicants are members of the state militia. This announcement, coming from an officer in one of the strongest unions in the city, was a profound surprise to those who heard it in the municipal court. Weigel was a witness in a suit brought by Fred Ouel against the Burkhardt Brewery company, to recover \$2500 damages accruing by reason of his discharge by the company in alleged breach of a contract under which he went to work during the brewery strike in this city.

Missing Boy Reappears
Derby, Conn., June 3.—H. A. Long of this city has received word from Providence that his son, George Long, aged 16, who disappeared 11 months ago from his home here, has given himself up to the police. Since Long left home nothing has been heard from him until now, although his father has spent much time and money, aided by the police of various cities, in a search for him. Shortly after his disappearance the boy fell heir to the property of his grandfather, amounting to about \$15,000.

Boy Confesses to Setting Fires
Lawrence, Mass., June 3.—The police have arrested George Nicholson, aged 15, who is said to have confessed that he not only started the fire at a brewery yesterday, but also ignited the hay in a shed in the rear of a grain store and a shed behind a hardware store. Immediately after setting these two latter fires, Nicholson gave notification of the blaze. The boy was detained on suspicion and handed over to the police. He finally admitted that he set the fires.

Lowell Mills Making Cloth
Lowell, Mass., June 3.—Cloth is now beginning to come through the mills. Additional help has been put to work in the cloth rooms, where the goods are finished and prepared for shipment. The Hamilton and the Appleton mills have increased the percentage of production. All the other mills have gained both in the number of employees and the percentage of production. None of the union male spinners, however, has deserted the union.

Doctor's Legs Amputated
Portland, Me., June 3.—Dr. Daniel A. Pietta of Brunswick was probably fatally injured late last night by being run over by a train at Dierling Junction. He was feeling ill and went out onto the platform of a car, when he had a fainting fit and fell. The wheels passed over both legs, almost severing them from the body. Both limbs were amputated at a hospital.

Rocked Boat and Was Drowned
New Haven, June 3.—Earl Gibbons, aged 15, was drowned in Lake Whitney last evening. Gibbons and Charles Fisher hired a canoe and finally began to rock the frail boat. Young Fisher was timid, but Gibbons tried to reassure him and rocked the boat with force enough to capsize it. Fisher clung to the bottom of the overturned canoe, but Gibbons sank.

Girl Gets \$5250 For Dog Bite
Boston, June 3.—In a suit for \$10,000 damages for injuries from a dog bite, Emiline Wakeman, 13 years old, obtained a verdict of \$5250 against T. J. H. Thayer, a farmer, owner of the dog. The court instructed the jury that, under the law, it should double its verdict, so the jury, having found in the sum of \$2625, doubled the figures.

Mrs. Blaine in Feeble Health
Boston, June 3.—Mrs. James G. Blaine, with her daughter, Mrs. Beale, and the latter's three children, passed through this city on her way to Augusta, Me., where she will remain for an indefinite period. Mrs. Blaine is in very feeble health. She is constantly receiving the attention of her nurses and daughter.

Wants Hospital Investigation
Boston, June 3.—Trustee Dobbins of the pauper institutions' trustees has filed at the mayor's office a formal request for an investigation into affairs at the Long Island hospital, growing out of the recent accidental poisoning cases. The text is reserved for the mayor's consideration.

Charge Is Brought Forward
Washington, June 3.—The case of August W. Machen, late superintendent of the free delivery service of the post-office department, who is charged with having received bribes to the amount of \$20,000 in connection with department contracts, has been presented to the federal grand jury.

NEWPORT TRUST CO.

CAPITAL PAID IN - - - 300,000 00
SURPLUS - - - 120,000 00

DURING THE CONSTRUCTION OF A NEW BUILDING, OUR BANKING ROOM WILL BE AT 10 FRANKLIN STREET. BRANCH OFFICE 44 BRILLVUE AVENUE.

A general banking and trust business will be conducted. Interest allowed on daily balances subject to check at sight. Certificates of deposit issued at agreed rate of interest for money not subject to check. Trustees, Executors, Administrators, etc., depositing the funds of their estates with this company are exempted by law from all personal liability. Every facility and accommodation consistent with conservative banking will be extended to our customers. Correspondence and interviews invited.

OFFICERS:
FREDERICK TOMPKINS, President. ANOUR McLEOD, Vice President.
THOMAS P. PECKHAM, Treasurer and Secretary.

DIRECTORS:
GEORGE F. BAKER, EDWARD J. BERING, DANIEL F. COIT, GEORGE A. DE WITT, GEORGE F. ELDRIDGE, ELIZABETH T. HENRY, GEORGE A. HAYES, THOMAS W. DODSON, THOMAS A. LAWTON, LEWIS CARO LOWLAND, E. DILLINGHAM, LEVI P. HORTON, ANDREW H. JONES, GOS. E. MORRIS, CHARLES L. F. ROBINSON, WILLIAM B. SHELKER, THOMAS P. DYAL, JACOB B. SCOTT, JAMES STILLMAN, W. C. MARRINGTON, HENRY A. C. TAYLOR, FREDERICK T. TOWN, SAMUEL H. TOWN, GEORGE FRANKLIN WATSON, HARRY PAYNE WATSON, JAMES T. WOODWARD.

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Electric Lighting. Electric Power.

Residences and Stores Furnished with Electricity at lowest rates.

Electric Supplies. Fixtures and Shades.

449 to 455 THAMES STREET, NEWPORT, R. I.

Trading Stamps!

TO INTRODUCE MY NEW 30c. COFFEE, EQUALITY PARK BLEND, I WILL GIVE, FOR A LIMITED TIME,

TEN TRADING STAMPS.

We have some very nice MAPLE SUGAR in cakes.

S. S. THOMPSON.

Schreier's
143 THAMES STREET,
The Leading
Millinery House.
The Largest and Most Complete Stock
Trimmed Hats
AT POPULAR PRICES.
SPECIALITIES IN
OUTING HATS.
Great Variety Children's
HATS.
All Novelties of the Season, at
SCHREIER'S.

Special Announcement.

We beg to announce that through an arrangement with the wholesale houses, we are in a position to give our customers better value for their money than ever before. Purchasers will do well to call and see our large stock before purchasing anything in the housefurnishing line.

Yours respectfully,
W. C. COZZENS & CO.,
133 Thames Street.

WINDOW SHADES, WALL PAPERS,
CARPETS, MATTINGS,
OIL CLOTHS.

Help Wanted.

I WANT A FEW GOOD SALESMEN who call on the cigar trade throughout the New England States to introduce the

"NIEBIS" CIGARETTE
(the finest cigarette ever made)
ROBERT APPLETON, JR.,
629-11 7 Pine Street, New York.

THE OLD RELIABLE
SHOE STORE, 186
Thames St.

Has the most up-to-date REPAIRING & RESOLVING SHOP in the city.

M. S. HOLM.

Tickets and Drafts on the Old Country For Sale.

28

CANE SEAT
Chairs Reseated.

JOHN PENGELLAY,
1 ELM STREET, NEWPORT, R. I.

NOTICE.
I have removed my ROOTS AND HERBS DISPENSARY and residence to 25 Franklin Street.

S. W. PEABODY.

LODGE ROOMS

OR

SOCIETY ROOMS

TO LET IN THE

MERCURY BUILDING, 132 and 134
Thames St.

HANDSOME LARGE HALL, well furnished for Lodge purposes with other two or three ante-rooms as may be desired.

MEDICAL JOURNAL

Desires a Representative in this Locality

Permanent Employment,
Salary and Commission.

Address
10-15 134 E. 7th St., New York City.

For Rent.

Good room in the MERCURY Bldg. furnished or unfurnished. Possession April 1st. Inquire at the

MERCURY OFFICE.

Women's Dep't.

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Historical and Genealogical.

Notes and Queries.

In reading matter to this department the following rules must be absolutely observed:

1. Names and dates must be clearly written.
2. The full name and address of the writer must be given.
3. Make all queries as brief as possible.
4. Write on one side of the paper only.
5. In answer to queries always give the date of the paper, the number of the query and the signature.
6. Letters addressed to contributors, or to be forwarded, must be sent in blank stamped envelopes, accompanied by the number of the query and its date.
7. Direct all communications to:

Miss E. M. T. H. A. E. V. E.
care Newport Historical Society,
Newport, R. I.

SATURDAY, JUNE 6, 1933.

NOTES.

CONCERNING JOHN LAPHAM
and
RICHARD SCOTT
and
Some of their Descendants.

BY S. F. PECKHAM.

(Continued.)

John Lapham, Jr., and Mary Russell were married April 3, 1700, probably in the Apponegonsett Meeting House in Dartmouth. They appear to have lived all their lives in Dartmouth. The date on which either John or Mary died is not known to me. Their children were:

1. Elizabeth, b. July 28, 1701.
2. John, b. Oct. 8, 1708.
3. Thomas, b. Oct. 10, 1708.
4. Rebecca, b. March 8, 1707.
5. Joseph, b. July 7, 1706.
6. Mary, b. July 15, 1711.
7. Joanna, b. June 16, 1718.
8. Benjamin, b. July 14, 1718.
9. Ruth, b. March 28, 1718.
10. Bathsheba, b. March 21, 1720.
11. Joshua, b. Jan. 19, 1722.
12. Hannah, b. Aug. 14, 1728.
13. Silvia, b. Dec. 15, 1728.
14. Elizabeth, b. Feb. 5, 1731, d. 1758.

As before stated Elizabeth married, June 18, 1724, Amos Taber and died young.

John married, Jan. 1, 1725-6, Desiree Howland, daughter of Benjamin (Fitch) Henry and Judith (Samson) Howland of Dartmouth.

Rebecca married, April 30, 1724, Barnabas Howland, a brother of her brother John's wife, Desiree. Rebecca Lapham was the mother of Gideon Howland, the famous whaling merchant of New Bedford, who was great-grandfather of Henry (Robinson) Green, whose mother was Abby Howland.

Thomas married, Dec. 4, 1730, Abigail Wilbur, daughter of Benjamin and Elizabeth (Head) Wilbur of Portsmouth, R. I., and later of Little Compton, R. I.

Joseph married, April 1, 1734, Mary Ballou, daughter of John Ballou of Smithfield, R. I.

Benjamin, then of Setauket, R. I., married, 14d. 3m., 1742, Lydia Ballou, daughter of Samuel of Smithfield, R. I.

Ruth married, Dec. 1, 1737-8, Seth Sherman of Daniel and Sarah of Dartmouth.

Bathsheba married, Dec. 7, 1741, John Gifford of Benjamin and Sarah of Dartmouth.

Joshua, then of Smithfield, R. I., married 2d. 2m., 1741, Hannah Sherman of David and Abigail of Dartmouth. They were married at Dartmouth.

Hannah married, 2d. 4m., 1751, at Smithfield, R. I., Joseph Brown of Cumberland, R. I.

Silvia married, 6d. 12m., 1745, at Smithfield, R. I., Ephraim Whipple of Cumberland, R. I.

Elizabeth married, Feb. 1, 1748, at Dartmouth, Benjamin Sherman of Thomas and Ruth of Dartmouth.

Of these fourteen children all were married but two, of whom six settled in Rhode Island while five remained in Dartmouth, John spending some years in Smithfield and finally making his home in Dutchess County, N. Y.

(To be continued.)

QUERIES.

4029. JENCKES—Information desired of the service of Jonathan Jencks, born 1718 in R. I., son of Jonathan and Mary (Black) Jencks. He married about 1736 Harriet Patten. They had seven daughters and three sons, one of whom was Amos Jencks, born Jan. 6, 1746. Jonathan Jencks was on board Providence, Sept. 20, 1777, and had shares in the captured ship Alexander. Where can these facts be found?—F. E. R. H.

4030. BAILEY—Who were the parents of Joseph Bailey, of Newport, R. I.? Whom did he marry, and what were the dates of birth, marriage and death? He had daughter Sarah who married Samuel Dunn, Oct. 16, 1762.—N. T. P.

4031. WILLIAMS—Who were the ancestors of Abigail Williams, who married as his second wife, Hugh Bailey, brother of Joseph? Hugh died 1724. His first wife was Anna. Who was she?—N. T. P.

4032. BARRER. MOWRY—Who were the ancestors of Mowry, who married Lydia Barber, daughter of Moses? She was born Feb. 24, 1694.—D. N.

4033. KENYON—Who was Kenyon, who married Ann, another daughter of Moses Barber? Ann was born Oct. 8, 1717. Would like any information concerning his ancestry.—D. N.

4034. THORNTON—John Thornton, born —, died Jan. 9, 1710, son of John and Sarah Thornton, married Dinah Steere, who died before 1716. They had children John, Josiah, Dinah, Stephen, Ruth, Daniel, Elhan, Ebenezer. Can any one tell me the dates of birth, marriage and death of these children?—S. R.

4035. JAMES—Thomas James, of Salem, Mass., and Providence, R. I., is said to have been a clergyman and a physician. In 1638 he was in Providence, and was one of the twelve to whom Roger Williams dedicated land. When did he die? Did he marry, and did he have children? If so, would like to learn names, dates, etc.—J. W. S.

4036. HEDLEY—What was the birth date of John Hedley, of Newport, R. I., who married Mary? He

was freeman 1664, constable, 1667. When did he die?—T. H. L.

4037. GIBSON—Which daughter of William Gibson married Harriet? Who were his ancestors? William Gibson was born in England 1638, and was in Newport, R. I., 1675. I have not the names of his two children, or the date of birth.—L. D. S.

4038. SPRAGUE—Who was Lydia, wife of Francis Sprague, of Duxbury, Mass.? He was one of the Pilgrim Fathers. His daughter Dorcas Sprague married Ralph Egle, of Newport, R. I.—J. K. W.

4039. LILLY—Henry Lilly was freeman at Newport, R. I., 1668. Did he marry, and who were his children?—A. M.

4040. MITCHELL—Who were the ancestors of James Mitchell, of Providence, R. I., who married 1721, Mary Crawford. Whom did their son James marry?—B. G. A.

4041. DERRY—Francis Derry, of Warwick, R. I., 1662 married Ann —, who afterward married John Read. It is supposed that Thetis Derry was his son. Has any evidence been found to prove or disprove this?—W. S. V.

4042. THOMPSON—Who was Isaac Thompson, who married Mary Holmes, daughter of Joshua, of Westerly, R. I.? She died 1751. He died 1758. They had fourteen children. Can any one tell me how many and which of them grew up and married?—D. G. H.

4043. STANFORD—Samuel Stanford, of London, England, and Newport, R. I., married Mary White. Who were her parents? Were they married in England? They had five children, Mary, Ann, Macy, Elizabeth, Samuel. The first Mary died young. Whom did the other children marry?—C. B.

4044. BUDLONG—Isabel Budlong, daughter of John, of Warwick, R. I., was born when? When did she die? Did she marry?—W. V. C.

4045. FLOUNDER—Who were the children of Thomas and Sarah —, Flounders, of Kings Town, R. I.? What was Sarah's maiden name?—D. L.

4046. GRIFFIN—Can any one give me information concerning the family of Robert Griffin, of Newport, R. I.? He was freeman 1655, commissioner, 1656.—S. D.

4047. PRUHAM. GOODSON—Elizabeth Pelham, daughter of Edward, of Newport, R. I., married, June 26, 1711, John Goodson. Who were his parents? Would like any information in regard to him.—M. P.

4048. REMINGTON—Who was the wife of Joseph Remington, of Jamestown, R. I., whose son John was born April 12, 1689?—S. A. F.

4049. COOPER—Who were the ancestors of James Cooper, probably of Providence, R. I., who married Elizabeth Shippee, of David. What was the date of their marriage?—S. A. F.

4050. SHERIFF—Who was the wife of Thomas Sheriff, of Portsmouth, R. I., born Sept. 2, 1689?—S. A. F.

4051. ROOME—Were there any children of John and Anna (—) Roome, of Portsmouth, R. I.? He died 1668. When did they marry?—S. A. F.

4052. ANDREW—Who was Rebecca, wife of John Andrew, of East Greenwich, R. I.? She married for her second husband, 1721, John Nichols.—M. B.

4053. ASHLEY—William Ashley, born —, died 1684, married Sarah —. Who were her ancestors? They were of Providence, R. I. He left no will. Were there any children?—M. B.

4054. STRAIGHT—Who was Hannah, wife of Henry Straight, of East Greenwich, R. I.? He was born —, died 1732, married 1697. They had thirteen children.—M. B.

4055. TOSH—Who was the wife of William Tosh, of New Shoreham, R. I.? He died 1685. What was the Christian name of the daughter who married Simon Palling?—G. L. A.

4056. VINCENT—William Vincent, of Providence, R. I., had son Thomas, born —, died —, married —. Can any one fill out blanks?—C. D.

4057. LARIN—What were the dates of birth and death of Elizabeth Larkin, daughter of Edward, of Westerly, R. I.? She married Richard Sweet, Dec. 15, 1673. He was son of John and Elizabeth (—) Sweet. What was her maiden name?—R. T.

4058. COLLINS—Arnold Collins, of Newport, R. I., had son Sylvester born 1688. Did he marry and have issue?—S. L.

4059. BROWN—Who was Henry Brown, who married as her second husband, Hannah Field, of John, of Providence, R. I.? She died about 1703. Her first husband was James Mathewson.—S. L.

4060. HEFFERMAN—William, Samuel and Robert Hefferman were the sons of William and Susannah (—) Hefferman, of Newport, R. I. William died about 1680. Can any one give me the dates of birth and death of these children?—S. L.

4061. HALL—Who was — Hall, who married Mary Ball, of Edward of New Shoreham, R. I.? Edward Ball died 1714. His wife was Mary George.—S. F. D.

4062. ACRES—John Acres, of Dorchester, Mass., Newport and New Shoreham, R. I., married Margery —. Who was she? He died 1693. He had a daughter Margery, who was born 1663, married Daniel Tosh, 1685; also daughter Martha, who married Job Card, 1688. Would like to learn the ancestry of John Acres.—G. S. R.

4063. BILLINGS—Mary Billings, daughter of Samuel, of Newport, R. I., was born April 3, 1692. Whom did she marry?—F. G. S.

4064. DENNIS—What was the date

of birth of Thomas Dennis, son of Robert of Portsmouth, R. I.? (He was born Nov. 8, 1677, died 1740.—F. G. S.)

4065. ST. JOHN—Who were the parents and grandparents of Cornwell St. John, who married Nancy Wilcox, 1813, at Burlington, Conn.? Mr. St. John was from Norwalk, Conn.—G. D. W.

ANSWERS.

3531. BAKER—I find no record of the marriage of Mary Baker and Philip (the nee but a descendant of John Greene, surgeon, of Warwick, R. I., William Greene b. 1733—m. (2d wife) 1814 "Mary Baker of New Jersey." He d. 1872. Their children were Augusta, Oscar, Isabella, William, Ida, Charles, Della and Ursula. William was b. in New York State. His son Wm. Henry (by 1st marriage) married Henrietta Baker, sister of Mary, his father's second wife, and this Baker connection may prove some slight help in tracing the Mary desired. May there not have been a confusion of Philip and William Greene?—L. B. C.

4003. GREENE—Sarah Greene was not a sister of Gen. Nathaniel Greene. He had but one sister, Phoebe, who died in infancy. The father had two sons (Benjamin and Thomas) by first marriage, but no daughter. Sarah was probably not of the Warwick line. Her husband Joseph Cooke was perhaps descended from one of the Cooke brothers—Thomas, George, Stephen and Ebenezer (sons of Thomas Cooke, Jr., of Portsmouth). They removed to Monmouth Co., N. J.—L. B. C.

The landlady—Which part of the children do you prefer, Mr. Lanier? The Boarder—Either half will do, thank you, Mrs. Hungerford.—Puck.

Sheriff's Sale.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS.

NEWPORT, R. I., SHERIFF'S OFFICE.

BY VIRTUE of a certain order of the Court of the First Judicial District of Rhode Island within and for the County of Newport, on the 11th day of June, A. D. 1933, in favor of A. B. Stetson, of Newport, plaintiff, and against Joseph Stetson, Jr., of Newport, defendant, a judgment rendered by said Court on the 24th day of June, A. D. 1933, in favor of said plaintiff, and against said defendant, in the sum of \$100.00, with interest thereon at the rate of 6 per cent per annum, from the date of said judgment to the date of payment, and costs of suit, my own fees and all contingent expenses, if sufficient.

Notice is hereby given that I will sell the said attached and levied on personal property of the said defendant, at the Court House in said City of Newport in said County of Newport on the 16th day of June, A. D. 1933, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the satisfaction of said judgment, interest and costs of suit, my own fees and all contingent expenses, if sufficient.

HUGH N. GIFFORD,
Deputy Sheriff.

Sheriff's Sale.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS.

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JAMES ANTHONY,
Sheriff.

PROPOSALS

For Painting Synagogue.

SEALED PROPOSALS endorsed "for painting the Synagogue" will be received at the office of the City Treasurer until 4 p. m., Thursday, June 11, 1933, and then publicly opened, for painting the Jewish Synagogue, inside and outside, in interest of the same, the same colors as at present. No work to be done Saturdays.

EDWARD L. SPENCER,
City Treasurer.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE

BY VIRTUE of the powers conferred in a certain Mortgage Deed executed by John Norton Browne (deceased), of Pawtucket, wife, joining in her release of dower, of the Town of Tiverton, in the County of Providence and of the State of Rhode Island, in favor of John M. Brown, bearing date December 1st, A. D. 1891, and recorded in Book No. 11 at pages 125, 126, 127 of the Land Records in the Town of Tiverton, R. I., then having left branch in the performance of the conditions contained in said deed:

There will be sold at public auction, on the premises hereinafter described, in the said Town of Tiverton, in said County of Providence, all that certain lot or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon, situated in the said Town of Tiverton, and bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Northernly and Southernly by the old highway or formerly of S. Gilman Brown and measuring on each of said sides one hundred and fifteen (115) feet; Easternly by a fifteen foot passage and there measured fifty (50) feet and Westernly by the lot of John F. Sullivan and Martin F. Harniman, fifty (50) feet containing five thousand seven hundred and thirty square feet of about more or less, and being the same land conveyed to the said John M. Brown by George F. Lewis, by deed dated July 2nd, 1931, and recorded on page 125 of the Land Records in the said Town of Tiverton, R. I., the same premises described in the said Mortgage Deed.

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his intention to sell

JOHN M. BROWNELL,
Mortgagee.

Newport, R. I., May 28th, 1933—53474

Our White Enamel.

We're very careful about our selection of this finish because there's none that looks so well when it's new and so shabby when it's six months old, if it isn't just exactly right. A soft wood case and a white lead first coat will turn as yellow as saffron in no time. You can't see the difference when you buy it, you can after it's paid for—that's why we're careful. We don't like complaints, they don't pay.

We've an exceptionally good assortment of the real white that stays white, in bureaus, commodes, chiffoniers, tables, desks, etc., and you'll find our prices fully as low perhaps a little lower than others'. Yellow white—we buy it right, three big stoves, you know, and sell it right, that's why.

A. C. TITUS CO.,

225-229 THOMAS STREET.

NEWPORT, R. I.

What We Do at the Corner of Spring & Franklin Streets.

- 1st—Sell and rent property.
- 2d—Place insurance in first class companies at low rates: Fire, Life, Marine, Accident, Health, etc., and everything.
- 3d—Notary Work: Deeds, Etc., etc.
- 4th—Make investments for our clients in any kind of Real Estate, Bonds, Stocks, Etc.

We should be pleased to have you call upon us.

Wm. E. Brightman,

CORNER SPRING AND FRANKLIN STREETS.

OPEN SATURDAY EVENINGS.

Telephone 544.

Bright, Clean, Shiny Coal



Is the sort we deliver—the little waste kind, the heat-making, quick-cooking kind. It does the work in short order, doesn't cost much more than the sort you don't want to give cellar room, anyway we'd like to send you a sample ton of

LORBERY STOVE.

A postal will bring the sample. For sale by the

G. B. REYNOLDS CO.,

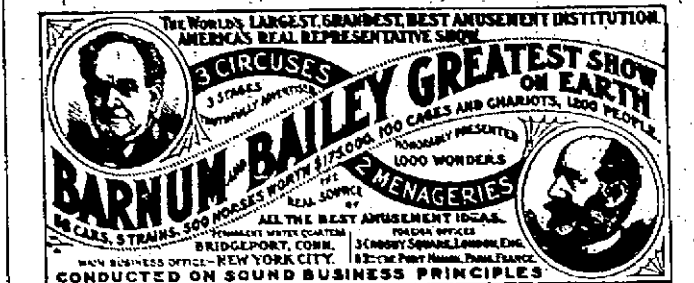
OPPOSITE POSTOFFICE,

and SHERMAN'S WARE.

Telephone 222-3 & 222-3

NEWPORT, Wednesday, June 17.

ONE DAY ONLY, AT MIDDLETON AVENUE & DRESSER STREET.



A WONDROUS AMUSEMENT INSTITUTION

PRESENTING IN THRILLING AND NOVEL ACTS.

3 Rings, 3 Stages, 1 Race Track, 1 Aerial Enclave, 1 Grand Spectacular Prelude, 1 Vaudeville Entertainment.

THE PERFECTION OF MODERN AMERICAN SHOWS

Electrically Lighted, Newly Arranged with Backed Seats and Foot Rests for Every Visitor. Triple Circus, Two Double Menageries, Olympic Hippodrome, National Museum, Champion Aerial Tournament.

Huge Collection of Marvelous Human Freaks

with all the Living Wonders of the World.

Patriotic Exhibit of Miniature Warships

Containing Every Type in United States Navy.

CYCLO, THE KINETIC DEMON

Defying Death and Gravitation's Laws.

3 Herds of Elephants in 3 Rings at Once; 3 Troupes of Horses in 3 Rings Together; 3 Companies of Acrobats in 3 Stages at One Time; 3 Troupes of Aerialists in the Air at Once; 5 Equestrians Riding in 3 Rings Simultaneously; 3 Circus Companies in 3 Rings at the Same Moment; 25 Clowns in 25 Concurrent Acts.



High Jumping Horses, Long Distance Leaping Ponies, Football Horse and Dog, Trained Animals of All Kinds, Baby Elephant and Mother, Two Giraffes, Smallest Horse on Earth.

The Entire Exceeding in Grandeur, Variety and Magnitude

EVERYTHING DREAMED OF SINCE THE WORLD WAS MADE.

Two Performances Daily at 2 and 5 P. M. Doors Open an Hour Earlier.

Admission to Everything, 50c.

Children Under 10 Years, 25c.

Reserved Folding Seats, 75 cents. Reserved Chair Seats, \$1. Private Boxes with 6 Seats, \$5 to \$12, according to location. Single Private Box Seats, \$1.50 and \$2.

All tickets are sold without extra charge. Reserve parties, changing more than regular price. Private box and reserved seats sold at J. H. Egan & Co's piano store, 157 Thomas Street, or on grounds at hours of opening.

STUPENDOUS NEW STREET PARADE at 2 p. m. with Horse Team and a myriad of new attractions.

The Island Savings Bank.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the corporation of the bank, for the election of officers for the year ending, will be held at the banking rooms of the National Exchange Bank, on Wednesday, June 17th, 1933, at 3 o'clock p. m.

GEORGE H. BROWN,
Secretary.

Laxative Bromo Quinine

Cures a Cold in One Day, Cough in 3 Days

an every
674
an every
674

Serve the great. Stick at no humiliation. Grudge no office then cannot render.

Strawberry Supper

TUESDAY EVENING, June 9,

from 6 to 9 o'clock in the

VESTRY OF

First Presbyterian Church,

BROADWAY.

No Charge for Admission.

A good supper can be procured for a moderate price. Everybody come!

At the Court of Probate of the City of

Newport in Rhode Island, holden on

Monday, the 11th day of May,

A. D. 1933, at 10 o'clock in the

forenoon, the following petition for

administration of the estate of

THOMAS A. KATH, Administrator on

the estate of

THOMAS A. KATH, deceased, his account

of administration in the estate of said

deceased, was presented, read and the

distribution was ordered, and the said

account was examined, allowed and re-

corded.

It is ordered that the consideration of said

account be referred to Monday, the 12th day

of June, A. D. 1933, at 10 o'clock a. m., at

the Court of Probate in the City Hall, Newport,

Rhode Island, for the purpose of having the

same distributed, by advertisement, in the

Newport Mercury once a week at least for

fourteen days.

DUNCAN A. HAWARD,
Probate Clerk.

At the Court of Probate of the City of

Newport in Rhode Island, holden on

Monday, the 11th day of May,

A. D. 1933, at 10 o'clock in the

forenoon, the following petition for

administration of the estate of